

Auditor's Report
And
Financial Statements
Of
Emerald Oil Industries Limited
For the year ended June 30, 2022



Emerald Oil Industries Limited For the year ended 30 June 2021

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AZIZ HALIM KHAIR CHOUDHURY

Chartered Accountants

Exclusive Correspondent Firm of PKF International

Independent Auditor's Report
To the Shareholders of Emerald Oil Industries Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Emerald Oil Industries Limited. ("the Company"), which comprise the Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2022, and the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matters described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion Section* of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the company as at 30 June 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flow year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs), the Companies Act 1994, the Securities and Exchange Rules 1987 and other applicable laws and regulations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

- 1. As disclosed in note # 5 Property, plant & equipment are at a written down value (WDV) of Taka 487,332,169 as on 30 June 2022. The authenticity and existence of property, plant & equipment could not be verified due to the non-availability of the fixed assets register (Soft or hard copy).
- 2. No revaluation of Property, Plant & Equipment was carried out till 30th June 2022 to determine the fair value as per IAS-16.
- 3. The evidence with respect to inventory having a carrying amount of Taka 70,375,466 was limited as we could not observe the physical inventory count as of 30 June 2022. As a result, the accuracy of the physical existence of the inventory on 30 June 2022 could not be ascertained.
- 4. Trade and Other Receivables of Taka 1,556,653,675 (Ref. note # 7.00) were shown as receivable from Mr. Syed Hasibul Gani Galib, Ex-Managing Director of the Company for the credit sales that were made during his tenure. Because the company could not collect the said receivables from the parties due to the unavailability of the parties' details (name, address, etc.). However, 100% provision for doubtful debt is provided by the company against the aforesaid receivable on the ground of uncertainty of recovery.
- 5. We could not confirm the authenticity, existence, aging, etc. of carry forward balances of Tax deducted at the source of Taka 1,000,856 and a Bank Guarantee Margin of Tk. 358,600 (Note-08.00) due to the non-availability of sufficient/appropriate audit evidence like bank guarantee agreement, correspondence with the bank, bank statements or confirmations from the bank, and any other supporting documentation, etc.
- 6. As disclosed in note # 9.00 Cash & Cash Equivalents Taka 10,227,296 as on 30 June 2022. To confirm this amount we sent balance confirmation letters to the respective bank branches maintaining accounts by the company. We did not receive the following balance confirmation certificates from the concerned bank branches:

Name of the Bank	Account No.	Amount
National Bank of Pakistan	000111100008392	26,831
Bank Asia Ltd	02336000081	726,151
Basic Bank Ltd.	1510-01-0004855	31,992
Dutch Bangla Bank Ltd.	2061100009548	3,310
Jamuna Bank Ltd.	0069-0210000639	29,277
Mutual Trust Bank Ltd.	30260000721	386,597
Mutual Trust Bank Ltd.	30260000730	27,637
Total		1,231,795

Further,

- i. We obtained a balance confirmation from National Bank Limited, Jamalpur Branch for A/C No. 007533014231. The balance as per the confirmation was Taka 2,080. However, this amount was not included in the financial statements.
- ii. Bank statements of Jamuna Bank Ltd., Sherpur Branch, A/C No. 0069-0210000639 were not provided to us for verification. The balance of the said account was Taka 29,277.
- 7. As per financial statements, Minori Bangladesh Limited invested Taka 232,735,044 as a share money deposit as on 30 June 2022. During the year 2021-2022, the company received Taka 199,864,944 from Minori Bangladesh Limited as Share Money Deposit. While examining the share money deposit we found that no amount was transferred to the company's bank account from "Minori Bangladesh Limited" as per instruction of BSEC vide letter no. BSEC/SRMIC/47/2014/453 Dated 23 December 2021.

However, the management informed us of the reason for the non-depositing of share money deposit in a separate bank account of Emerald Oil Industries Limited as per the instruction of BSEC which is as follows:

"Banks were not cooperating with us for the previous management misconduct. We could not able to operate any bank account which was opened by previous management. All bank accounts remained in dormant mode. Therefore there was no other way to maintain a separate bank account in the name of Emerald Oil Industries Limited. Furthermore, we tried to activate the bank account by changing the previous signatories in this context. However, this process was delayed as we have not been able to update Form-XII from the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies And Firms ('RJSC') as a permanent board has not yet been formed. In addition to that, we could not open a bank account in the name of Emerald Oil Industries Limited due to the above-mentioned issues. It is to be noted that the company has taken a variety of initiatives in the abovementioned subject. Accordingly, we are able to open a separate bank account under the name Emerald Oil Industries Limited, subsequently Minori Bangladesh Limited deposited BDT 8,28,50,000/- in AB Bank Limited as a share money deposit"

Furthermore, Emerald Oil Industries Limited maintained a ledger to record the transactions made by "Minori Bangladesh Limited" on behalf of the company.

- 8. As disclosed in note # 13 in the year 2021-2022 an amount of Taka 65,135,923 was shown as deferred tax liability in the statement of financial position and Taka 108,821 as deferred tax expense in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The accuracy of the calculation of the said deferred tax liability and expense could not be confirmed due to the non-availability of the latest tax assessment order.
- 9. As disclosed in note # 14 Long Term Loan (Secured) Taka 1,304,464,534, to confirm this amount we sent balance confirmation letters to the respective bank branches maintaining accounts by the company. Out of which we have not received some balance confirmation certificates from the concerned bank branches. Details are given below:

Bank Name	Amount	
Basic Bank Ltd	1502-04-0000016	197,338,045
Basic Bank Ltd	1502-01-0000901	89,014,251
Basic Bank Ltd	1502-01-0000917	102,280,237
Basic Bank Ltd	1502-01-0000959	200,650,071
Basic Bank Ltd	1502-04-000042	76,689,913
Basic Bank Ltd	1560-01-0000579	58,611,910
Midas Financing Ltd.	S00098 & L00937	243,654,888
٦	968,239,315	

Further, we received balance confirmation Certificates from the following Bank & NBFI and found that there was a difference between the amount of the Company's Books & Financial Statements and the Balance Confirmation Certificate/Statements of Banks & NBFI. Details are given below:



Bank Name	Account No.	Amount as per Financial Statements	Amount as per Balance Confirmation	Difference
Bank Asia Ltd	2335000430	62,846,059	THE PERSON	62,846,059
Bank Asia Ltd	2335000491	200,065,000		200,065,000
Prime Finance & Investment Ltd.	LAD # 2013/015	73,314,160	99,306,882	(25,992,722)
Tot	al	336,225,219	99,306,882	236,918,337

- 10. The company did not show any financial expenses in the financial statements against interest on Long Term loans from Banks and NBFIs in 2021-2022. If the company would have charged interest on Long Term Loan, the loss and the loan liability of the company would have been increased to that extent. The matter of non-charging of interest has been disclosed in note-14 of the financial statements.
- 11. As disclosed in note # 16 Trade and Other Payables of Taka 260,951,139 as of 30 June 2022 in comparison to the previous year's Taka 288,794,833. To confirm the above amount we sent balance confirmation letters to various parties but no confirmation letters have been received from the parties.
- 12. The company paid salary & allowance of Taka 8,828,756 and Taka 2,232,855 respectively in cash instead of A/C Payee cheque or Bank transfer to its employees which are disclosed in notes # 21.05 & 22.00 (Salary & Allowance).

Moreover, we also noticed various noncompliances with ITO 1984 & Rules as follows:

- a. In applicable cases, salary tax was not deducted at source and not deposited to the govt. treasury;
- b. The statement of 'Information regarding payment of salary' was not furnished to DCT in accordance with Section 108 of Income Tax Ordinance 1984 as per the prescribed Form.
- c. The statement of 'Information regarding the filing of return by employees' was not furnished to DCT in accordance with Section 108A Income Tax Ordinance 1984 as per the prescribed Form.

Due to due to non-deduction of salary tax and the non-furnish of aforesaid statements, the tax authority may disallow the salary & allowance expenses and subsequently impose a tax on the amount of salary & allowance expenses as per tax rate.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (IASs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Bangladesh, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our qualified opinion.

Emphasis of Matters:

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to this following:

- 1. As per Section 81 of The Companies Act 1994, every company shall hold an AGM each year. As per Section 82 if the default is made in holding a meeting of the Company, the company and every officer of the company who is in default shall be punishable.....". But the company could not hold its Annual General Meeting (AGM) since December 2016.
- 2. As per Section 36 of The Companies Act 1994 "Annual Summary of Share Capital and List of Shareholders and Directors to be filed within 21 days of an Annual General Meeting (AGM) to RJSC." But the company management did not comply with the aforesaid section of the Companies Act 1984.





- 3. The company management could not provide us with the latest Tax Assessment Status of the company for our verification, so we could not determine the actual tax liability of the company. The company did not submit the Income Tax Return of the company since the income year 2014-2015 as per section 75 (1) of the Income Tax Ordinance 1984. Further, the company provided us with a Tax Assessment Certificate of the company U/S 82BB of Income Tax Ordinance 1984 for the Assessment Year 2014-2015 (The income year 2013-2014).
- 4. According to Section 232 of the Labour Law 2006 of Bangladesh, it is obligatory for companies or establishments in Bangladesh to establish a Workers Profit Participation Fund (WPPF). The law mandates that a company must allocate five percent (5%) of its Net Profit to the Workers Profit Participation Fund, Welfare Fund, and Bangladesh Worker's Welfare Foundation Fund, with a distribution ratio of 80:10:10. The payment should be made within nine (9) months after the end of each fiscal year. The company did not make any payment within the stipulated time since the year 2015-2016 in accordance with the abovementioned Law.
- 5. As per Income Tax Ordinance, 1984 Section 52 Rule 16 and VAT & SD Act, 2012 SRO no.240/Dated 29.06.2021. VAT & TAX should be deducted at source in applicable cases. We observed that in no cases VAT & TAX was deducted at source where applicable.
- 6. According to Section 232 of the Labour Law 2006 of Bangladesh, it is obligatory for companies or establishments in Bangladesh to establish a Workers Profit Participation Fund (WPPF). The law mandates that a company must allocate five percent (5%) of its Net Profit to the Workers Profit Participation Fund, Welfare Fund, and Bangladesh Worker's Welfare Foundation Fund, with a distribution ratio of 80:10:10. The payment should be made within nine (9) months after the end of each fiscal year.

In accordance with the abovementioned Law, the company made provision for Workers Profit Participation Fund (WPPF) in the financial statements. But no payment was made within the stipulated time since the year 2015-2016.

- 7. The company's failure to provide gratuity to its permanent employees as per Section 27(4) of the Bangladesh Labour Act 2006, as amended, which mandates employers to grant gratuity payments to permanent employees after one year of continuous service. This was reported in the "Emphasis of Matter" Paragraph of last year's audit report.
- 8. Due to the unavailability of required documents the verification of potential liability for pending tax cases which is dependent on the outcomes of such cases, could not be ascertained. Furthermore, there has been no disclosure in the financial statements regarding this issue.
- 9. No information was provided to the audit team regarding action taken by the company to recover the receivables from Mr. Syed Hasibul Gani Galib (Ex. Managing Director of the company).

Key Audit Matters

Risk

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. Those matters were addressed in context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is produced in the context.

Our response to the risk

W-VA-VA-VA-VA-VA-VA-VA-VA-VA-VA-VA-VA-VA-	
Property, plant and equipment (PP&E)	
The carrying value of PP&E as at 30 June 2022 was BDT. 487,332,169 Which is 71.06% of total assets.	Our audit procedures to assess the carrying value of PP&E included the following:
There are a number of areas where management judgment impacts the carrying value of PP&E, and the related depreciation profiles. These include: • Determining which costs meet the criteria for capitalization;	operating effectiveness of key internal controls over the completeness, existence and accuracy





economic lives and residual values considering our knowledge of the business.

Risk	Our response to the risk
 The estimation of economic useful lives and residual values assigned to property, plant and equipment. We identified the carrying value of property, plant and equipment as a key audit matter because of the high level of management judgment involved and because of its significance to the financial statements. 	useful economic lives and residual values; assessing, on a sample basis, costs capitalized during the year by comparing the costs capitalized with the relevant underlying documentation, which included purchase agreements and invoices, and assessing whether the costs capitalized met the relevant criteria for capitalization; and evaluating management's estimation of useful

See note no. 5.00 of the financial statements.

Reporting on Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements and Internal Controls

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs, the Companies Act 1994, the Securities and Exchange Rules 1987 and other applicable laws and regulations and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As a part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:





- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error,
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and
 appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from
 fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentation, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting polices used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubts on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusion is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matter communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would be reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the Companies Act 1994, the Securities and Exchange Rules 1987 and relevant notifications issued by Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission and other applicable laws and regulations. We, as required by law, further report that:

- a) We have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief where necessary for the purpose of our audit and made due verification thereof;
- b) In our opinion, proper books of accounts, records and other statutory books are required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appeared from our examinations of those books;
- c) The information and explanations required by us have been received and found satisfactory;
- d) The Statement of Financial Position, and the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income and Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows of the Company dealt with by the report are in agreement with the books of account and returns; and
- e) The expenditure was incurred for the purpose of the Company's business.

Signed for and on behalf of Aziz Halim Khair Choudhury Chartered Accountants

Signed by:

Md. Aftab Uddin Ahmed FCA

Senior Partner

ICAB Enrolment No.: 804 DVC# 2306050804AS553581

05 June 2023 Dhaka

EMERALD OIL INDUSTRIES LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 30 June, 2022

AS 81 30 Julie) 2022				
	Notes	Amount In Taka	Amount In Taka	
Particulars	Notes	30.06.2022	30.06.2021	
A. NON-CURRENT ASSET		487,332,169	478,746,658	
Property, Plant & Equipment	5.00	487,332,169	478,746,658	
		198,506,305	13,884,148	
B. CURRENT ASSET Inventories	6.00	70,375,466	-	
Trade & Other Receivable	7.00	106,997,458	-	
Advances, Deposits & Pre-Payments	8.00	10,906,085	4,298,138	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	9.00	10,227,296	9,586,010	
TOTAL ASSETS & PROPERTIES (A+B)		685,838,474	492,630,806	
		(1,066,054,111)	(1,278,034,901)	
C. SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY	10.00	597,135,000	597,135,000	
Share Capital	11.00	232,735,044	32,870,100	
Share Money Deposit Retained Earnings	12.00	(1,895,924,155)	(1,908,040,001)	
		1,369,600,457	1,370,177,887	
D. NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Deferred Tax Liabilities	13.00	65,135,923	65,027,102	
Long term Loan (Secured)	14.00	1,304,464,534	1,305,150,784	
		382,292,128	400,487,820	
E. CURRENT LIABILITIES	15.00	13,326,479	-	
Short Term Loan	16.00	260,951,139	288,794,833	
Trade & Other Payables	17.00	6,286,250	6,286,250	
Unclaimed Public Subscription Money against IPO Unclaimed Dividend Account	18.00	1,193,709	1,193,709	
Accruals & Provisions	19.00	100,534,551	104,213,028	
TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES (C+D+E)		685,838,474	492,630,806	
Net Asset Value (NAVs) Per Share		(12.85)	(20.29)	

The annexed notes (1-36) the integral part of these financial statements. These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 01 June 2023.

CFO

Company Secretary

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Director

Managing Director

Chairman

Signed in terms of our separate report of even date annexed.

Date: 05 June 2023

Place: Dhaka

Signed for and on behalf of Aziz Halim Khair Choudhury Chartered Accountants

Signed by: / Md. Aftab Uddin Ahmed FCA

Senior Partner

ICAB Enrollment No.804

DVC 12306050804 ASS53581

EMERALD OIL INDUSTRIES LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the Year Ended 30 June, 2022

Particulars	Notes	Amount In Taka	Amount In Taka
		30.06.2022	30.06.2021
Revenue	20.00	433,507,612	-
Less: Cost Of Goods Sold	21.00	403,241,956	37,236,709
Gross Profit/ (Loss)		30,265,656	(37,236,709)
Operating Expenses		(17,515,169)	(6,453,596)
General and Administrative Expenses	22.00	(15,256,481)	(6,453,596)
Selling and Distribution Expenses	23.00	(2,258,688)	
Profit/ (Loss) from Operations		12,750,487	(43,690,305)
Other Income	24.00	3,892,768	135,917
Financing Expenses	25.00	(115,270)	(107,320)
Profit/ (Loss) before WPPF & Tax		16,527,985	(43,661,708)
Contribution to WPPF		(826,399)	-
Profit/(Loss) before Tax		15,701,586	(43,661,708)
Income Tax Expenses	26.00	(3,585,740)	7,429,930
Current Tax		(3,476,919)	(30,581)
Deferred Tax (Expense)/Income		(108,821)	7,460,511
Net profit / (loss) after tax		12,115,846	(36,231,778)
Other Comprehensive Income			-
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year		12,115,846	(36,231,778)
Earnings Per Share Par Value of Tk. 10/- each	27.00	0.17	(0.58)

The annexed notes (1-36) the integral part of these financial statements. These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 01 June 2023.

CFO

Date: 05 June 2023

Place: Dhaka

Company Secretary

Director

Managing Director

Chairman

Signed in terms of our separate report of even date annexed.

Signed for and on behalf of Aziz Halim Khair Choudhury Chartered Accountants

Signed by:

Md. Aftab Uddin Ahmed FCA

Senior Partner

ICAB Enrollment No.804

DVC: 2306050804A5553581

EMERALD OIL INDUSTRIES LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the Year Ended 30 June, 2022

		Amount in Taka				
Particulars	Share Capital	Share Money Deposit	Retained Earnings	Total Amount		
Balance as at July 01, 2021	597,135,000	32,870,100	(1,908,040,001)	(1,278,034,901)		
Share Money Deposit During the year	-	199,864,944	-	199,864,944		
Net profit after tax for the year	-	-	12,115,846	12,115,846		
Balance as at June 30, 2022	597,135,000	232,735,044	(1,895,924,155)	(1,066,054,111)		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended June 30, 2021

<u> </u>		Amount in Taka				
Particulars	Share Capital	Share Money Deposit	Retained Earnings	Total Amount		
Balance as at July 01, 2020	597,135,000	27,100,000	(1,871,808,223)	(1,247,573,223)		
Share Money Deposit During the year	-	5,770,100	-	5,770,100		
Net profit after tax for the year	-	-	(36,231,778)	(36,231,778)		
Balance as at June 30, 2021	597,135,000	32,870,100	(1,908,040,001)	(1,278,034,901)		

The annexed notes (1-36) the integral part of these financial statements. These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 01 June 2023.

CFC

Company Secretary

Director

Managing Director

Chairman

Date: 05 June 2023 Place: Dhaka



EMERALD OIL INDUSTRIES LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended 30 June, 2022

		Amount In Taka	Amount In Taka
Particulars	Notes	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
A. Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash received from customer & other income	28.00	330,402,922	135,917
Payment to Creditors, Suppliers & Others	29.00	(499,545,211)	(3,506,150)
Income Tax Paid during the year	30.00	(10,937)	(13,455)
Net Cash provided by operating activities		(169,153,226)	(3,383,688)
B. Cash flows from investing activities:			
Acquisition of property, plant and Equipment		(42,595,391)	(1,511,200)
Disposal of property, plant and Equipment		-	20,400,000
Net Cash used in investing activities		(42,595,391)	18,888,800
*			
C. Cash flows from financing activities:			
Financial Expenses		(115,270)	(107,320)
Share Money Deposit		199,864,944	5,770,100
Long Term Bank Loan (paid)/Received-Net		(686,250)	(21,068,750)
Short Term Loan (paid)/Received-Net		13,326,479	
Net Cash from financing Activities		212,389,903	(15,405,970)
Net Decrease in cash & cash equivalents (A+B+C)		641,286	99,142
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		9,586,010	9,486,868
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the year		10,227,296	9,586,010
Net Operating Cash Flow Per Share	32.00	(2.40)	(0.05)

The annexed notes (1-36) the integral part of these financial statements. These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 01 June 2023.

CFO

Company Secretary

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Managing Director

Chairman

Date: 05 June 2023 Place: Dhaka



EMERALD OIL INDUSTRIES LIMITED Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June, 2022

For the Year Ended 30 June, 20

1.00 REPORTING ENTITY

1.01 Formation and legal status

Emerald Oil Industries Ltd, (hereinafter referred to as EOIL), a Public Limited Company was incorporated under the Companies Act 1994 vide Registration No. C-72229(271/2008) dated July 17, 2008. Initially the company named as 'Emerald Oil & Poultry Industries Limited' having its registered office in Dhaka. The Corporate Office of the company is situated at Halimunnesa's Court (9th floor), 23 Kakrail Road, Dhaka 1000. The company started its commercial operation from July 02, 2011. The board in its meeting held on December 21, 2011 decided to convert the company into public limited and converted into public limited accordingly. The company was renamed as "Emerald Oil Industries Ltd' with effect from December 01, 2011. The company was listed with Dhaka Stock Exchange Ltd. and Chittagong Stock Exchange Ltd. on March 11, 2014 and March 13, 2014 respectively.

1.02 Nature of business

The Company is engaged in manufacturing of Rice Bran Oil by processing of Rice Bran. In the processing of rice bran, De-oil Bran, Fatty Acid, Wax, Gum & Spent Earth are produced as by-product.

2.00 BASIS OF PREPARATION, PRESENTATION AND DISCLOSURES OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.01 Statement of Compliance

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis following accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow statement in accordance with the International Accounting Standards (IASs) and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted in Bangladesh by the Financial Reporting Council (FRC).

2.02 Other regulatory compliances

As required, Emerald Oil Industries Ltd complies with the following major Act and Rules in addition to the Companies Act 1994 and other applicable laws and regulations:

- a) The Income Tax Ordinance, 1984
- b) The Income Tax Rules, 1984
- c) The Value Added Tax & Supplementary Duty Act, 2012
- d) The Value Added Tax & Supplementary Duty Rules, 2016
- e) Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission Rules 1987

2.03 Basis of Measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis, accrual concept and going concern assumptions.

2.04 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are prepared in Bangladesh Taka (Taka/Tk.), which is the company's functional currency. All financial information presented in Taka has been rounded off to the nearest integer.

2.05 Use of Estimates and Judgment

The preparation of these financial statements is in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

2.06 Presentation of Financial Statements

The presentation of these financial statements is in accordance with the guidelines provided by IAS 1: Presentation of Financial Statements, The Financial Statement comprises:

- a) Statement of financial position
- b) Statement of profit or loss and others comprehensive income
- c) Statement of changes in equity
- d) Statement of cash flows and
- Notes to the financial statements, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and explanatory information.

2.07 Reporting Period

The financial period of the company covers twelve months from 01 July 2021 to 30 June 2022.

2.08 Date of Authorization

The Board of Directors has authorized these financial statements on 01 June 2023.



2.09 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently (otherwise as stated) to all periods presented in these financial statements.

3.00 Application of Standards

The following Standards are applied to the financial statements for the year under review:

Name of the accounting standards	Ref. No.	Status of Application
Presentation of Financial Statements	IAS – 1	Applied
Inventories	IAS - 2	Applied
Statements of Cash Flows	IAS - 7	Applied
Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors.	IAS - 8	Applied
Events after the reporting period	IAS - 10	Applied
Income Taxes	IAS - 12	Applied
Property, Plant and Equipment	IAS - 16	Applied
Employee Benefit	IAS - 19	Applied
The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	IAS - 21	Applied
Borrowing Costs	IAS - 23	Applied
Related Party Disclosures	IAS - 24	Applied
Financial Instrument, Presentation	IAS - 32	Applied
Earnings Per Share	IAS - 33	Applied
Interim Financial Reporting, Comparative Information	IAS - 34	Applied
Impairment of Assets	IAS - 36	Applied
Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets	IAS - 37	Applied
Intangible Assets	IAS - 38	Applied
Financial Instruments: Recognition & Measurement	IAS - 39	Applied
Financial Instruments disclosure	IFRS – 7	Applied
Fair Value Measurement	IFRS - 13	Applied
Revenue	IFRS - 15	Applied
Leases	IFRS - 16	Not Applicable

3.01 Property, Plant and Equipment

3.01.01 Recognition and Measurement and Disclosure

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation less impairment loss, if any. Capital work-in-progress represents the cost incurred for acquisition and/or construction of property, plant and equipment that were not ready for use, are stated at cost.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of asset. The cost of self constructed asset includes the cost of material and direct labor and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to the state of its intended use and the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located.

3.01.02 Borrowing Costs

Interest and other expenses incurred by the company in respect of borrowing of fund are recognized as expenses in the period in which they incurred unless the activities that are necessary to prepare the qualifying assets for its intended use are in progress. Expenses capitalized also include applicable borrowing cost considering the requirement of IAS 23: Borrowing Costs.

3.01.03 Subsequent Costs and Maintenance Activities

The company recognizes in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment the cost of replacing part of such an item when the cost is incurred, it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Expenditure incurred after the assets have been put into operation, such as repair and maintenance is normally charged off as revenue expenditure in the period in which it is incurred. In situation where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefit expected to be obtained from the use of fixed assets, the expenditure is capitalized as an additional cost of the assets. All other costs are recognized to the profit and loss account as expenses if incurred. All up-gradation/enhancement are generally charged off as revenue expenditure unless they bring similar significant additional benefits.

3.01.04 Disposal of property, plant and equipment

On Disposal of property, plant and equipment, the cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated and gain or loss on such disposal is reflected in the income statement, which is determined with reference to the net book value of the assets and net sales proceeds.

3.01.05 Maintenance Activities

The company incurs maintenance cost for all its major items of property, plant and equipment. Repair and maintenance costs are charged as expenses when incurred.





3.01.06 Depreciation

Depreciation on all items of Property, Plant & Equipment other than Land & Land development is computed using the reducing balance method so as to write off the assets over their expected useful life. Depreciation on Property, Plant & Equipment has been charged on acquisition of Property, Plant & Equipment when it is available for use.

After considering the useful life of assets as per IAS-16, the annual depreciation rates have been applied as under which is considered reasonable by the management.

Category	Rate of De	Rate of Depreciation		
	30.06.2022	30.06.2021		
Land & Land Development	-	-		
Building & Other Civil Works	5%	5%		
Plant & Machineries	10%	10%		
Electrical & Gas Line Installation	15%	15%		
Furniture & Fixtures	15%	15%		
Office Decoration	15%	15%		
Office Equipment	20%	20%		
Vehicle	20%	20%		

3.02 Capital Work-in-progress

Property, plant and equipment under construction/acquisition is accounted for as capital work-in-progress until construction/acquisition is complete and measured at cost.

3.03 Intangible Assets

3.03.01 Recognition and measurement

Intangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss, if any. Intangible asset is recognized when all the conditions for recognition as per IAS 38: "Intangible assets" are met. The cost of an intangible asset comprises its purchase price, import duties and non-refundable taxes and any directly attributable cost of preparing the asset for its intended

3.03.02 Amortization

Amortization is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income on straight line method. The estimated useful life for computer software is 10 years and Campaign film is 5 years.

3.04 Inventories

Inventories comprise of raw materials, Finished goods, Processing Material, Packing Materials and Stores & Spares. Raw materials and Stores and Spares have been valued at average cost. Finished goods have been valued at lower of net realizable value and total of cost of material and other production Overhead attributable to bringing the goods to the state of sale under the convention of IAS-2.

3.05 Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable is initially recognized at cost which is the fair value of the consideration given in return. After initial recognition these are carried at cost less impairment losses due to doubtful of recovery of any amount so recognized.

3.06 Advances, Deposits and Prepayments

Advances are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition advances are carried at cost less deductions, adjustments or charges to other account heads such as property, plant and equipment, inventory or expenses.

Deposits are measured at payment value.

Prepayments are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition prepayments are carried at cost less charges to profit and loss account.

3.07 Cash and Cash Equivalent

Cash and cash equivalent include cash in hand, cash at banks which are held and available for use by the Company without any restriction.

3.08 Contingencies

There is ongoing litigation against the Ex Directors removed on 02 March 2021 as well as Emerald Oil Industries Ltd. by Anti-Corruption Commission (ACC) and some other government parties regarding loan arrangement from BASIC bank against which a writ petition (No. 13250 of 2015) has been lodged. At this point management is unable to measure the obligation with sufficient reliability or ascertain the outcome of this litigation. Hence no provision for liability has been recorded.



3.09 Going Concern

Though the company made a net Profit after tax of Tk. 12,115,846/- during the year but the company could not repay its banks'/financial Institutions' loans in due time which resulted in anti-corruption commission filing a lawsuit against the Directors as well as the Company as detailed in 3.08.

However Bangladesh Securities & Exchange Commission vide letter no.-BSEC/SRMIC/47/2014/73, Dated: 02 March 2021 appointed 5 (Five) distinguished individuals as Independent Directors of the Company in accordance with condition under 2 of the Commission's Notification No. SEC/CMRRCD/2009-193/07/Admin, Dated September 01, 2020. The new Board already included an investor namely "Minori Bangladesh Ltd." vide letter No.-BSEC/SRMIC/47/2014/112, Dated 29 April 2021 to bring the company into operation.

3.10 Income Tax & VAT

Current Tax

A provision @ 0.6% on the Gross Revenue Income except other income of the company has been provided during the year as per the Income Tax Ordinance, 1984. However provision 22.5% is made on total others income of the company.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided for all temporary differences comprising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in financial statements in accordance with the provision of IAS-12.

Value Added Tax (VAT)

No VAT is applicable on the sale proceeds of the company as the company's sales is exempted from VAT under Table-3, Heading No.-15.15, H.S.Code-1515.90.00 of related SRO of The Value Added Tax & Supplementary Duty Act, 2012.

3.11 Revenue Recognition

In compliance with the requirements of IFRS – 15: Revenue, revenue from receipts from customers against sales is recognized when products are dispatched to customers, that is, when the significant risk and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, recovery of the consideration is probable, the associated costs and possible return of goods can be estimated reliably, and there is no continuing management involvement with the goods.

3.12 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are recognized in profit or loss using effective interest method. Borrowing cost incurred against loan for BMRE project has been capitalized under effective interest rate method.

3.13 Statement of Cash Flows

Cash flow statement is prepared in accordance with IAS-7 titled "Statement of Cash Flows" and the Cash flow from operating activities has been presented under direct method.

3.14 Statements of Changes in Equity

Statement of changes in equity is prepared in accordance with IAS-1 "Presentation of Financial Statements". This statement reflects information about the increase or decrease in net assets or wealth.

3.15 Earnings Per Share

The company calculates its earnings per share in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) -33 which has been reported on the face of Statement of profit or loss and others comprehensive income.

Basic Earnings Per Share

The Company present its Basic earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted Earnings Per Share

No diluted earnings per share is required to be calculated for the period as there was no scope for dilution during the year.

3.16 Employee Benefit Schemes

Workers Profit Participation Fund (WPPF)

During 2011-12, The company has introduced Workers Profit Participation Fund for its employees in accordance with provisions of Bangladesh Labour Act, 2006 (Sec-232(1)).

3.17 Related Party Transactions

The Company carried out related party transaction only with key management personal. The information as required by IAS 24: "Related party Disclosure" has been disclosed in notes to the accounts (Note: 35).





3.18 Events After the Reporting Period

In compliance with the requirements of IAS 10: Events after the reporting period, post Balance Sheet events that provide additional information about the company's position at the reporting Date are reflected in the financial statements.

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on 01 June 2023 approved the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 June 2022 and authorised the same for issue. The Board of Directors also recommended a cash dividend @2% except for previous Sponsors & Directors holding 30.45% of shares for the year ended June 30, 2022, which is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

3.19 Net Asset Value per Share (NAVs):

Net Asset Value (NAVs) per share has been calculated by dividing net asset value reported in the statement of financial position by the number of ordinary shares in issue.

3.20 Comparative

Comparative information has been disclosed in respect of the previous year for all numerical information in the financial statements and also the narrative and descriptive information when it is relevant for understanding of the current year financial statements.

Previous year's figure has been re-arranged whenever considered necessary to ensure comparability with the current year's presentation as per IAS-8: "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors".

3.21 Impairment of assets

I) Financial Assets

Accounts receivable and others receivables are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence of impairment. Financial assets are impaired if objective indicates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that the loss event had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flow of that asset that can be estimated reliably. Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired can include default of delinquency by a debtor, indicates that a debtor of issuer will enter bankruptcy etc.

II) Non-Financial assets

An asset is impaired when its carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exits, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less cost to sell and its value in use. Carrying amount of the assets is reduced to its recoverable amount by recognizing an impaired loss is recognized immediately in statement of comprehensive income unless the asset is carried at revalued amount. Any impaired loss of a revalued asset treated as a revaluation decrease. During the period no impaired loss occurred to recognize in the Financial Statements.

3.22 Leases

In compliance with IFRS 16, Lease in terms of which the company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases and all other leases are classified as operating lease.

3.23 Foreign Currency Transaction:

Foreign currency transactions are recorded, on initial recognition in the functional currency at the spot exchange rate ruling at the transaction date.

At the end of each reporting period, in compliance with the provision of IAS 21: The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates, are determined as under:

- (a) Foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate.
- (b) Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical costs in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.
- (c) Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency is translated using the exchange rate at the date when the fair value is determined.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at rate different from those at which they were translated on initial recognition during the period or in previous financial statements is recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

4.00 Risk Factors & Management Perception About The Risks

An investment in Equity Shares is not always risk free. Sometimes it involves a high degree of risk. Before making an investment in the Equity Shares, please carefully consider all the information in this Prospectus including the risk and uncertainties described below. If any of the following risk actually occurs, our business, financial condition and results of our operations could suffer, the trading price of our equity shares could decline and you may lose all or part of your investment:



4.01 Interest Rate Risks

Financial market of Bangladesh has been experiencing volatile interest rate over the year. Unfavorable movement of interest rate enhances the cost of fund of the company and could adversely affect the business and future financial performance.

Management Perception

Management of the Company is aware about the interest rate volatility and always sourcing bank loan at competitive market rate. On the other hand management emphasizes on equity based financing to reduce the dependency on bank borrowings. Nevertheless, it may not always be possible while funding of local procurement of raw materials is done against bank borrowings.

4.02 Exchange Rate Risks

The company faces foreign exchange rate fluctuation risk as the Company imports small portion of raw materials like hexane, phosphoric acid, bleaching earth, citric acid etc. against payment of foreign currency. Unfavorable volatility of foreign currency may affect the profitability of the company.

Management Perception

Cost of imported materials for the company is insignificant compared to total cost of production. On the other hand, all other market players in edible oil industry faces very high exchange rate risk as they operate based on import of entire raw materials. This provides the company in a favorable position to manage exchange rate fluctuations.

4.03 Industry Risks

(a) Competitive Market for Edible Oil

Presently, Edible oil industry of Bangladesh is very much competitive. Soybean Oil and palm oil dominate the whole edible oil industry in Bangladesh. For the first time Rice bran oil emerged as an alternative to Soybean Oil and palm oil in our market. Demand, supply, consumption, competitive scenario, etc. of Rice bran oil are the triggering factors for successful operation of the company.

Management Perception

Rice Bran Oil is currently being considered as the world's healthiest edible oil that contains vitamins, antioxidants, nutrients and free from trans fat. It can help lower cholesterol, fight diseases, enhance the immune system, fat free radicals and more. Rice Bran Oil is used to fry, sauté, in salad dressings, baking, dipping oils and where ever you use cooking oil.

Increasing health consciousness of general people and due emphasis of the Government in this sector, the demand for rice bran oil is growing very fast. These are important ingredients for defining unique selling proposition (USP) for marketing the products. The Company also foresees growing demand for its products. With the proposed expansion and strengthening financial condition due to the public issue the company will be in a very strong position to develop effective marketing strategies and compete in the market in order to grab emerging market opportunities.

(b) Market penetration

The company has recently introduced the rice bran oil in the market where the imported as well as local brands of rice bran/soyabean oil have already been dominating huge local edible oil market. In case the company fails to secure market for its products at the desired price, profitability as well as growth of the company may be seriously affected.

Management Perception

Since commencement of operation the company is in a position to sale the entire product of oil in the local market. With the increasing awareness as well as continuing branding campaigns for the product the retail sale has been growing which is expected to increase further. In view of growing demand as well as higher margin in retail sales the management feels that profitability can be safely maintained in the future years.

(c) Sourcing of Raw Materials

Main raw material for the project is rice bran which is available locally. The company collects rice bran usually from five nearer districts (i.e. Sherpur, Mymensingh, Tangail, Natrokona, Jamalpur). Except rice bran, the project requires hexane phosphoric acid, bleaching earth, citric acid etc. as raw materials, which are usually sourced from abroad.

Management Perception

The risks on sourcing raw materials are very limited. There are 460 auto rice mills in these five districts and these mills produces around 3,11,645 kg of rice bran every day (Source: Bangladesh Rice Mills Association). The sponsors of the company developed very strong network with most of these rice millers. As a result, the company has been enjoying smooth flow of raw materials since inception of the company and expected to continue the same.

4.04 Market and Technology-Related Risks

Technology plays an important role for the existence of a company. Innovation of a new and cost effective technology may render the existing technology obsolete, which may cause negative impact on the performance of the company.



Management Perception

Management of EOIL is very much aware of this risk. The company took initiative to expand its production capacity with the latest technology to minimize the market and technological risk.

4.05 Potential or Existing Government Regulations

Adverse Changes in the regulations governing the edible oil and compounded animal feed industries may bring adverse effect on our business growth, financial condition and operational performance.

Management Perception

The edible oil industry is one of the high regulated sectors in Bangladesh and has stringent laws for consumer protection. Any change in the statutory and regulatory framework for edible oil as well as the compounded animal feed industry will have impact on the business of all market players almost equally.

4.06 Potential Changes in Global or National Policies

Performance of the Company will be hampered due to unfavorable changes in national as well as global policy. Furthermore, the performance of the Company may adversely affect due to unavoidable circumstances like political turmoil both in Bangladesh and worldwide.

Management Perception

Any change in the global and national policy will affect all the market players almost equally. However, impact of change in global policies will be very negligible because EOIL operates its business based on local raw material. On the other hand, rice bran oil is the new introduction in Bangladesh. Hence, as far as national policy is concerned, rice bran oil sector is not expected to face any adverse effect in near future.

4.07 Operational Risks

Shortage or non-availability of power and gas may adversely affect the manufacturing processes of the factory. In addition, shortage in treated water, flawed machineries etc. may disrupt the company's operational activities which in turn will affect the quality of refined rice bran oil.

Management Perception

Manufacturing process of our Company requires substantial amount of power, gas and fuel. To facilitate the manufacturing facilities, company has adequate power backup from own fuel generator along with adequate Rural Electrification Board of Bangladesh (REB) load sanction. In addition, the company gets required water from its own water treatment plant. However, shortage of gas supply may increase our dependency on the usage of furnace oil which will increase our cost and may have an adverse impact on our profitability.

4.08 Non-operating History

Any interruption in the operations of the company affects the company's image as a going concern. This is crucial for every company to operate its business activities in an ongoing basis albeit saving for the scheduled shut down for maintenance. Failure to do so would result in loss in profitability in the long run. Emarald Oil Industries Ltd. was not in production from April 2017 to December 2021 due to then management's failure.

Management Perception

The company is operating normally except that for the nature of the project 35 to 40 days is generally required for yearly overhauling of plant and machineries.

4.09 Dependability on Agricultural Production (Paddy)

The business of EOIL is very much dependent on agricultural production particularly Paddy. If the paddy production is hampered due to any environmental reasons then the production of main raw material of rice bran oil i.e. rice bran will be also hampered. As result, production of EOIL will be affected due to lack of main raw material i.e. rice bran.

Management Perception

If there is a shortfall of paddy production due to adverse climatic conditions, performance of our company may also be affected adversely. Any significant increase in the prices of these raw materials or decrease in the availability of the raw materials could also adversely affect our results of operations.





Aziz Halim Khair Choudhury

Chartered Accountants

Exclusive Correspondent Firm of PKF International

Amount In Taka	Amount In Taka	
30.06.2022	30.06.2021	

5.00 PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPEMENTS: TK. 487,332,169

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Opening Balance Addition during the year

Less: Disposal during the year

Closing Balance

Less: Accumulated Depreciation

Written Down Value:

The details have been shown in Annexure: A

,983 975,318,783		
1,511,200		
976,829,983		
20,400,000		
956,429,983		
477,683,325		
478,746,658		

6.00 INVENTORIES: TK. 70,375,466

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Finished Goods Raw Materials Processing Materials Packing Materials LP Gas Stores & Spares

TOTAL

The details have been shown in Annexure: B

59,055,383	-
5,659,733	-
1,133,691	-
1,927,127	-
1,660,000	
939,532	-
70,375,466	

7.00 TRADE & OTHER RECEIVABLES: TK. 106,997,458

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Dues within three months
Dues over three months but within six months
Dues over six months
TOTAL
Less: Provision for Bad & Doubtful Debts
Net Amount

106,997,458 - 1,556,653,675 1,663,651,133 1,556,653,675 1,556,653,675 1,556,653,675 106,997,458 - 1

Since the Buyers name, address, and other details were not available and there was an uncertainty of recovery, the full amount of Accounts Receivables as of 30.06.2016 was transferred to Ex-Managing Director Mr. Syed Hasibul Gani Galib and all credit sales which was made during the year (2016-17) also transferred in his name. During the year 2019-2020, Bank Asia management realized an amount of Tk.1,05,00,000 against their loan to the company through a sale of Ex-Managing Director, Mr. Syed Hasibul Gani Galib's personal assets by auction.

8.00 ADVANCES, DEPOSITS & PRE-PAYMENTS: TK. 10,906,085

This is made up as follows:

<u>Particulars</u>

Advances:

Tax Deducted at source

Deposits

Advance to Employee

Other Advance

TOTAL

Note: 8.01

1,062,025	1,051,088
1,062,025 5,581,400	3,247,050
2,608,898 1,653,762	-
1,653,762	-
10 906 085	4 298 138







8,250

896,500

10,000

358,600

1,371,250

202,450

400,000

3,247,050

Aziz Halim Khair Choudhury

Chartered Accountants

Exclusive Correspondent Firm of PKF International

Amount In Taka	Amount In Taka		
30.06.2022	30.06.2021		

8,250

10,000

340,000

358,600

400,000

5,581,400

1,371,250

3,093,300

8.01 DEPOSITS: TK. 5,581,400

This is made up as follows:

-				
Pa	rt	CL	IIa	rs

Security Deposits-REB
Security Deposits-Titas Gas
Security Deposits-T & T
Security Deposits-Office Space
Bank Guarantee Margin
Lease Deposits-PFIL
Lease Deposits-ULCL
Security Deposits-CDBL

TOTAL

9.00 CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS: TK. 10,227,296

Particulars

Cash in Hand Cash at Bank

TOTAL

Note: 9.01 Note: 9.02 277,704 9,949,592

10,227,296

9,586,010 9,586,010

9.01 CASH IN HAND: TK. 277,704

This is made up as follows:

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Cash at Head Office Cash at Factory

TOTAL

- 277 704	-
277,704	

9.02 CASH AT BANK: TK. 9,949,592

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Name of the Bank	Branch	Account No.	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
The Farmers Bank Ltd.	Gulshan	0111100043807	301,200	1,212
National Bank of Pakistan	Motijheel	000111100008392	26,831	27,521
Bank Asia Ltd	Bashundhara	02336000081	726,151	731,215
Basic Bank Ltd.	Dilkusha	1510-01-0004855	31,992	91,677
Brac Bank Ltd.	Sherpur	6001-2026-2539-9001	575	575
Dutch Bangla Bank Ltd.	Jamalpur	2061100009548	3,310	3,310
Islami Bank Bangladesh Ltd	Dilkusha	20502130100194512	9,100	9,790
Jamuna Bank Ltd.	Sherpur	0069-0210000639	29,277	29,277
Janata Bank Ltd	Dilkusha	010233068969	-	392
Mutual Trust Bank Ltd.	Panthapath	30210014971	4,655	-
Mutual Trust Bank Ltd.	Panthapath	30210014926	3,965	-
Mutual Trust Bank Ltd.	Panthapath	30320001642	7,779,045	7,697,069
Mutual Trust Bank Ltd.	Panthapath	30260000721	386,597	350,813
Mutual Trust Bank Ltd.	Panthapath	30260000730	27,637	28,577
Mutual Trust Bank Ltd.	Principal	20210029840	613,391	614,582
AB Bank	Gulshan	4019-781334-430	5,866	-
TOTAL			9,949,592	9,586,010

10.00 SHARE CAPITAL: TK. 597,135,000

This is made up as follows:

Authorised Capital:

100,000,000 ordinary shares of tk. 10/- each

Issued and Paid-up Capital

59,713,500 ordinary shares of tk. 10/- each

TOTAL

1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000

 597,135,000
 597,135,000

 597,135,000
 597,135,000





Aziz Halim Khair Choudhury

Chartered Accountants

Exclusive Correspondent Firm of PKF International

Amount In Taka	Amount In Taka	
30.06.2022	30.06.2021	

The aforesaid share capital is subscribed as under:

Holding of the Share	No. of Shareholder	No. of Share	Value in Taka	Value in Taka
Sponsors/Directors	7	22,848,125	228,481,250	228,481,250
Institutions	266	5,131,995	51,319,950	85,830,800
General Public	6,553	31,733,380	317,333,800	282,822,950
TOTAL	6,826	59,713,500	597,135,000	597,135,000

Details of Number of holders and percentage as under:

		30.06.2022			30.06.2021	
Shareholding Range	No. of Shareholder	No. of Shares	Ownership (%)	No. of Shareholder	No. of Shares	Ownership (%)
0001-499	2,092	351,734	0.59%	1,547	250,102	0.42%
500-5000	3,590	5,698,818	9.54%	2,462	4,080,304	6.83%
5001-10000	463	3,544,233	5.94%	362	2,752,289	4.61%
10001-20000	314	4,662,709	7.81%	199	2,986,058	5.00%
20001-30000	123	3,087,701	5.17%	93	2,348,201	3.93%
30001-40000	50	1,751,268	2.93%	50	1,784,578	2.99%
40001-50000	47	2,164,155	3.62%	35	1,609,001	2.69%
50001-100000	89	6,268,633	10.50%	96	7,123,233	11.93%
100001-1000000	52	9,653,749	16.17%	57	12,438,076	20.83%
1000001-1000000000	6	22,530,500	37.73%	7	24,341,658	40.76%
TOTAL	6,826	59,713,500	100.00%	4,908	59,713,500	100.00%

11.00 SHARE MONEY DEPOSIT: TK. 232,735,044

This is deposited by Minori Bangladesh Ltd and is made up as follows:

Particulars

Opening Balance Deposit During the Year Share Allotment

CLOSING BALANCE

232 735 044	32 870 100
199,864,944	5,770,100
32,870,100	27,100,000

12.00 RETAINED EARNINGS: TK. -1,895,924,155

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Opening Balance

Add: Prior year adjustment Add: Net Profit/(Loss) after tax for the year

Less: Dividend for the year

TOTAL

(1,895,924,155)	(1,908,040,001)
-	-
12,115,846	(36,231,778)
(1,908,040,001)	(1,871,808,223)

13.00 Deferred Tax Liability: TK. 65,135,923

The break-up of the amount is given below:

<u>Particulars</u>	Carrying Amount	Tax Base	Temporary Difference	Tax Rate	Deferred Tax (Assets)/Liab.	Deferred Tax (Assets)/Liab.
Property, Plant & Equipmen	487,332,169	197,839,177	289,492,992	22.50%	65,135,923	65,027,102
Deferred Tax Liability	487,332,169	197,839,177	289,492,992	=-	65,135,923	65,027,102

The details have been shown in Annexure: C

14.00 LONG TERM LOAN (SECURED): TK. 1,304,464,534

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Bank Name	Types of A/C	Branch	Account No.	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
Basic Bank Ltd	Term Loan	Dilkusha	1502-04-0000016	197,338,045	197,338,045
Basic Bank Ltd	Term Loan	Dilkusha	1502-01-0000901	89,014,251	89,014,251
Basic Bank Ltd	Term Loan	Dilkusha	1502-01-0000917	102,280,237	102,280,237
Basic Bank Ltd	Term Loan	Dilkusha	1502-01-0000959	200,650,071	200,650,071
Basic Bank Ltd	Term Loan	Dilkusha	1502-04-000042	76,689,913	76,689,913





Aziz Halim Khair Choudhury

Chartered Accountants

Exclusive Correspondent Firm of PKF International

				Amount In Taka	Amount In Taka
				30.06.2022	30.06.2021
Basic Bank Ltd	CC	Dilkusha	1560-01-0000579	58,611,910	58,611,910
Bank Asia Ltd	Term Loan	Bashundhara	2335000430	62,846,059	62,846,059
Bank Asia Ltd	Term Loan	Bashundhara	2335000491	200,065,000	200,065,000
United Leasing Co. Ltd.	Lease Finance	Kazi Nazrul Islam Avenue	67011400194	-	686,250
Prime Finance & Investment	Lease Finance	Dilkusha	LAD # 2013/015	73,314,160	73,314,160
Midas Financing Ltd.	Lease Finance	Dhanmondi	S00098 & L00937	243,654,888	243,654,888
TOTAL	20000111101100		*	1,304,464,534	1,305,150,784

Since the Company has pending litigation with it's Lender Bank & NBFI which is disclosed in Note-36, therefore no interest is charged during the year.

15.00 SHORT TERM LOAN: TK. 13,326,479

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Minori Bangladesh Ltd.

TOTAL

13,326,479	-
13,326,479	-

16.00 TRADE & OTHER PAYABLES: TK. 260,951,139

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Trade Creditors Advance against Sales Payable to Ex-Managing Director Mr. Syed Hasibul Gani Galib** Bills & Others Payable

TOTAL

138,657,999	166,381,247
45,848,547	45,848,547
10,500,000	10,500,000
65,944,593	66,065,039
260,951,139	288,794,833

^{**}The above amount of Tk. 10,500,000 was realized by Bank Asia through auction sale of personal assets of Ex-Managing Director Mr. Syed Hasibul Gani Galib against the bank loan to the company.

17.00 UNCLAIMED PUBLIC SUBSCRIPTION MONEY AGINST IPO: TK. 6,286,250

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

This represent the amount payable against uncollected IPO subscription for Initial Public Offering liability as follows:

Bank Name	Account Types	Currency	Account No.	30.06.2022	30.06.2021
Mutual Trust Bank Limited	SND	BDT	0003-0320001642	5,965,250	5,965,250
Mutual Trust Bank Limited		USD	0003-0260000721	321,000	321,000
TOTAL	1.3			6,286,250	6,286,250

Note - 19.01

Note - 19.02

18.00 UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND ACCOUNT: TK. 1,193,709

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

No of Shareholders

For the Year 2013-14 For the Year 2014-15 385 no's 215 no's

598,450 598,450 595,259 595.259 1,193,709 1,193,709

19.00 ACCURALS & PROVISIONS: TK. 100,534,551

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

TOTAL

Salary & Wages Managing Directors Remuneration Audit & Professional Fees Office Rent Payable Gas Bill CSE Listing Fee Payable DSE Listing Fee Payable Workers' Profit Participation Fund Provision for Income Tax

2,052,132 140,000 3,765,000 1,690,000 240,000 16,376,447 9,413,324 1,627,139 1,925,707 1,194,372 34,400,033 33,573,634 50,913,355 47,436,436 100,534,551 104,213,028





33,573,634

Aziz Halim Khair Choudhury

Chartered Accountants

Exclusive Correspondent Firm of PKF International

34,400,033

Amount In Taka	Amount In Taka
30.06.2022	30.06.2021

19.01 WORKERS PROFIT PARTICPATION FUND PAYABLE: TK. 34,400,033

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Opening Balance

Add: Accrued During the year

Less: Paid/Adjusted During the year

Outstanding Balance

33,573,634 826,399 -34,400,033 33,573,634

19.02 PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX: TK. 50,913,355

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Opening Balance

Add: Addition during the year

Add: Adjustment of Deferred Tax for Rate Difference

TOTAL

47,436,436 3,476,919	47,405,855 30,581
-	-
50,913,355	47,436,436



Amount in Taka	Amount in Taka
30.06.2022	30.06.2021

20.00 REVENUE: TK. 433,507,612

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

This represents cash and credit sales during the year under audit and made up as follows:

Rice Bran Oil (Bulk)	256,953,946	
De-Oiled Rice Bran	176,553,666	,
TOTAL:	433,507,612	_

21.00 COST OF GOODS SOLD: TK. 403,241,956

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Raw Material Consumed	Note -21.01	402,365,750	-
Processing Material Consumed	Note -21.02	681,635	-
Packing Material Consumed	Note -21.03	2,887,473	-
Stores & Spares Consumed	Note -21.04	626,354	-
Factory Overhead	Note -21.05	55,736,127	37,236,709
Cost of Production		462,297,339	37,236,709
Add: Opening Stock of Finished Goods		-	
Cost of Goods available for Sale		462,297,339	37,236,709
Less: Sales of by-product		-	
Less: Closing Stock of Finished Goods		59,055,383	
Cost of Goods Sold:		403,241,956	37,236,709

21.01 RAW MATERIAL CONSUMED: TK. 402,365,750

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

TOTAL:	402,365,750	-
Less: Closing Stock	5,659,733	-
	408,025,483	-
Add: Purchase during the year	408,025,483	-
Opening Stock	- 1	-

21.02 PROCESSING MATERIAL CONSUMED: TK. 681,635

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Opening Stock	-	-
Add: Purchase during the year	1,815,326	2
	1,815,326	-
Less: Closing Stock	1,133,691	-
TOTAL:	681,635	7-



Amount in Taka	Amount in Taka
30.06.2022	30.06.2021

21.03 PACKING MATERIAL CONSUMED: TK. 2,887,473

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Opening Stock

Add: Purchase during the year

Less: Closing Stock

TOTAL:

-
-
-
_

21.04 STORES & SPARES CONSUMED: TK. 626,354

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Opening Stock

Add: Purchase during the year

Less: Closing Stock

TOTAL:

-	-
1,565,886	-
1,565,886	-
939,532	.
626,354	-

21.05 FACTORY OVERHEAD: TK. 55,736,127

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Salary & Allowances

Fuel & Lubricants

Depreciation

Electricity Expense

Fooding & Entertainment

Factory Expense

Gas Bill

Stationery

Loading & Unloading

Medical Expenses

Electric Accessories

Conveyance

Mobile Bill

Repair & Maintenance

TOTAL:

8,828,756	2,534,500
1,332,744	-
33,585,904	34,647,009
108,841	8,200
703,725	-
487,764	47,000
7,626,584	- '
22,070	
2,378,819	-
8,202	-
202,109	-
37,394	-
44,150	-
369,065	-
55,736,127	37,236,709



Aziz Halim Khair Choudhury Chartered Accountants

Exclusive Correspondent Firm of PKF International

Amount in Taka	Amount in Taka
30.06.2022	30.06.2021

22.00 GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES: TK. 15,256,481

This is made up as follows:

Particul	arc

Particulars		
Salary & Allowances	6,254,349	880,259
Directors Remuneration	1,840,000	-
Audit Fees	250,000	250,000
Advertisement Expense	-	22,500
Board Meeting Fees	760,000	360,000
Computer Accessories	51,050	-
Conference Expenses	52,000	-
Donation & Subscription	47,500	=
Electric Accessories	14,890	-
Electricity Expense	96,868	8,192
Fooding & Entertainment	138,190	18,785
Internet & Server Expenses	111,532	14,550
Legal & Professional Expenses	957,200	2,725,000
Miscellaneous Expenses	2,800	3,900
Mobile & Telephone Bill	97,830	4,700
Newspaper & Periodicals	320	-
Office Maintenance	409,523	36,552
Office Rent	815,500	240,000
Office Service Charge	439,688	69,730
Postage & Courier	19,965	
Printing & Stationery	210,486	7,060
Registration & Renewals	1,009,672	1,556,244
Travelling & Conveyance	714,170	19,957
Vehicle Fuel	269,355	-
Vehicle Maintenance	241,617	6,065
Website Expense	28,000	-
Depreciation	423,976	230,102
TOTAL:	15,256,481	6,453,596
IOIAL.		

23.00 SELLING & DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES: TK. 2,258,688

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Advertisement
Delivery Expenses
Fooding & Entertainment
Salary & Allowances
Sample Expenses
Vehicle Maintenance
TOTAL:

151,300	-
276,700	
323,899	-
900,000	- 1
66,789	-
540,000	' <u>-</u>

24.00 OTHER INCOME: TK. 3,892,768

This is made up as follows:

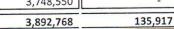
Particulars

Bank interest Received	
Foreign Exchange Gain/ (Lo.	ss)
Wastage Sales	

Note -24.01

109,374	134,558
34,844	1,359
34,844 3,748,550	-

TOTAL:







Aziz Halim Khair Choudhury Chartered Accountants

Exclusive Correspondent Firm of PKF International

Amount in Taka	Amount in Taka
30.06.2022	30.06.2021

24.01 FOREIGN EXCHANGE GAIN/ (LOSS) DURING THE YEAR: TK. 34,844

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Opening Balance

Bank Charge During the Year

Foreign Exchange Gain/ (Loss) during the year Note -24.02

CLOSING BALANCE

(379,390)	(378,721)
-	690
414,234	379,390
34,844	1,359

24.02 CLOSING BALANCE OF FOREIGN CURRENCY ACCOUNT: TK. 414,234

This is made up as follows:

Name of the Bank	Account No.	FC Amount	Currency	Exchange Rate	Value in Taka	Value in Taka
Mutual Trust Bank Ltd.	30260000721	4,137	USD	93.45	386,597	350,813
Mutual Trust Bank Ltd.	30260000730	283	URO	97.55	27,637	28,577

TOTAL	414,234	379,390

25.00 FINANCING EXPENSES: TK. 115,270

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Bank Charges & Commission Interest on Long Term Loan Interest on Lease Finance

TOTAL:

115,270	107,320
	-
115,270	107,320

Since the Company has pending litigation with it's Lender Bank & NBFI which is disclosed in Note-36, therefore no interest is charged during the year.

26.00 INCOME TAX EXPENSES: TK. 3,585,740

This is made up as follows:

Current Tax Deferred Tax Note -26.01 Note

30,581 3,476,919

26.01 CURRENT TAX: TK. 3,476,919

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

TOTAL:

Net Profit excluding other income as per accounts Add: Accounting Depreciation Add: WPPF

Less: Tax Depreciation

Less: Exempted Income (50%) Current Profit excluding other income Less: Set Off of Business Loss Taxable Business Income Other Income

Income Tax Rate (Operating)

Income Tax Rate (Non-operating) **Current Tax:** Other than other income

Other Income **Total Current Tax**

-26.02	108,821	(7,460,511)
	3,585,740	(7,429,930)

11,808,818

34,009,880	34,877,111
826,399	-
46,645,097	(8,920,514)
34,493,528	33,936,000
12,151,569	(42,856,514)
u n	-
12,151,569	(42,856,514)
(12,151,569)	-
•	
7 007 770	175 017

-	
 3,892,768	135,917
22.5%	22.5%
22.5%	22.5%
2,601,046	
875,873	30,581
 3,476,919	30,581



(43,797,625)

Amount in Taka	Amount in Taka
30.06.2022	30.06.2021

26.02 DEFERRED TAX EXPENSES: TK. 108,821

Particulars

Closing Deferred Tax Liability
Opening deferred Tax Liability

TOTAL:

 108.821	(7.460,511)
65,027,102	72,487,614
65,135,923 65,027,102	65,027,102

27.00 CALCULATION OF BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE: TK. 0.17

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Net Profit / (Loss) for the Year Earnings attributable to the ordinary share holders Weighted average no. of Shares (Note - 27.01) Basic Earning Per Share:

12,115,846	(36,231,778)
12,115,846	(36,231,778)
70,509,022	62,640,070
0.17	(0.58)

27.01 WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES: 70,509,022

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

63,000,510 shares for 365 days 137,419 shares for 334 days 268,516 shares for 272 days 570,475 shares for 242 days 1,914,379 shares for 211 days 4,664,609 shares for 181 days 1,830,519 shares for 150 days 2,481,396 shares for 119 days 4,627,729 shares for 91 days 3,491,452 shares for 70 days 62,423,500 shares for 365 days 357,200 shares for 212 days 106,966 shares for 30 days 112,844 shares for 1 day

63,000,510	-
125,748	-
200,100	-
378,233	-
1,106,668	-
2,313,135	-
752,268	-
809,003	-
1,153,763	-
669,594	-
-	62,423,500
-	207,470
-	8,792
-	309
70,509,022	62,640,070

Share money deposit has been considered as potential share capital in calculating Weighted average number of shares as per Financial Reporting Council Circular Vide ref. no 146/FRC/Admin/circular/2020/01, dated 11 February 2020.

28.00 CASH RECEIVED FROM CUSTOMER & OTHER INCOME: 330,402,922

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

TOTAL:

Revenue

Opening Accounts Receivable Closing Accounts Receivable Closing Advance Against Sales Opening Advance Against Sales Other Income Prior year adjustment

.
-
-
5,848,547
5,848,547)
135,917
-

Total

330,402,922	135,917





Aziz Halim Khair Choudhury

Chartered Accountants

Exclusive Correspondent Firm of PKF International

Amount in Taka	Amount in Taka
30.06.2022	30.06.2021

		20.06.2022	30.06.2021
	A CONTRACT OF THE PROPERTY OF	30.06.2022	30.00.2021
	RECEIVED FROM/ (PAYMENT TO) CREDITORS, SUPPLIERS & OTHERS:	-499,545,211	
	This is made up as follows:		
-	Particulars	(403,241,956)	(37,236,709)
	Cost Of Goods Sold	(15,256,481)	(6,453,596)
	General and Administrative Expenses	(2,258,688)	(0,433,330)
	Selling & Distribution Expenses	34,009,880	34,877,111
	Depreciation	34,003,000	34,077,111
	Opening Inventory	(70,375,466)	
	Closing Inventory	3,247,050	3,247,050
	Opening Advance, Deposits & prepayments excluding TDS	(9,844,060)	(3,247,050)
	Closing Advance, Deposits & prepayments excluding TDS Closing Accounts & Other Payables excluding Advance against sales	215,102,592	242,946,286
9	Opening Accounts & Other Payables excluding Advance against sales	(242,946,286)	(241,301,378)
		15,221,163	23,202,958
	Closing Accrued Expenses	(23,202,958)	(19,540,822)
	Opening Accrued Expenses		
	Total	(499,545,211)	(3,506,150)
30.00	INCOME TAX PAID DURING THE YEAR: -10,937		
	This is made up as follows:		
	<u>Particulars</u>	50.012.255	47 426 426
	Closing Provision	50,913,355	47,436,436
	Opening TDS	1,051,088	1,037,633
	Opening Provision	(47,436,436)	(47,405,855)
	Current Provision	(3,476,919) (1,062,025)	(30,581) (1,051,088)
1	Closing TDS	(1,082,023)	(13,455)
	Total	(10,537)	(25) 1557
	THE PROPERTY OF MET OPERATING CASH FLOW		
31.00	RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING CASH FLOW		
3	Cash flow from operating activities (indirect method)		
	Profit/(Loss) for After tax	12,115,846	(36,231,778)
	Adjustment for: Income Tax expense recognized in profit and loss	3,585,740	(7,429,930)
	Depreciation of non-current assets	34,009,880	34,877,111
	Cash Generated from Operating activities before changes	49,711,466	(8,784,597)
	in working capital	,	
	Adjustment for separate consideration		
	Finance cost recognized in profit and loss	115,270	107,320
	Finance cost recognized in profit and 1033		
	Movement in Working Capital:		
	(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(70,375,466)	-
	•	(106,997,458)	
	(Increase)/decrease in Trade & Other Receivable		(42.455)
	(Increase)/decrease in advance, deposit and prepayment	(6,607,947)	(13,455)
	Increase/(decrease) in trade payables & other payables	(27,843,694)	1,644,908
	Increase/(decrease) in provision for expense	(7,155,396)	3,662,136
		(218,979,961)	5,293,589
	Cash generated from operations	(225,575,501)	-,,-30



(3,383,688)

(169,153,226)

Income Tax Paid

Net cash (used in)/ generated by operating activities



Aziz Halim Khair Choudhury

Chartered Accountants

Exclusive Correspondent Firm of PKF International

	Amount in Taka 30.06.2022	Amount in Taka 30.06.2021
NET OPERATING CASHFLOW PER SHARE		
Net Operating Cashflows (From statement of cash flows)	(169,153,226)	(3,383,688)
Total number of shares	70,509,022	62,640,070
Net Operating Cashflow per share	(2.399)	(0.054)

33.00 NO. OF EMPLOYEES

32.00 NET

The company had 41 permanent employees as at June 30, 2022 and 58 number of seasonal and temporary workers as required, which was as at June 30, 2022 . All the permanent employees received remuneration in excess of Tk. 36,000 per annum.

34.00 PRODUCTION CAPACITY

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

**Installed Capacity:	(Ton/Year)	(Ton/Year)
Rice Bran Oil	13,200	
De-oiled Rice Bran (DORB)	46,200	-
Actual Production:		
Rice Bran Oil (Refined)	2,498	-
De-oiled Rice Bran (DORB)	10,125	-
Achieved (%)		
Rice Bran Oil (Refined)	18.92%	-
De-oiled Rice Bran (DORB)	21.92%	-

Emarald Oil Industries Ltd. was not in production from April 2017 to December 2021. The company again started it's commercial production on 09 January 2022 upon successful completion of trial production.

35.00 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE

The aggregate amount paid/provided during the year in respect of directors & key management personnel of the company as required by IAS-24 are disclosed below:

	Tk.	Tk.
a) Key Management Benefits	4,891,500	Nil
b) Post Employment Benefit	Nil	Nil
c) Other Long Term Benefits	Nil	Nil
d) Termination Benefit	Nil	Nil
e) Share Based payment	Nil	Nil
f) Trade Receivable (Mr. Syed Hasibul Gani Galib) (Note-7)	1,556,653,675	1,556,653,675
g) Short Term Loan (Minori Bangladesh Ltd.) (Note-15)	13,326,479	•





Amount in Taka	Amount in Taka
30.06.2022	30.06.2021

36.00 CONTINGENT LIABILITY

Since the Company has pending litigation with it's Lender Bank & NBFI , no interest is charged during the year. The details of Pending litigation is given below:

SI. No.	Particulars	Filed by	Present Status
1	Artha Rin Suit No. 259/2017 & Artha Jari Suit No. 15/2020	BASIC Bank Ltd	Pending
2	Artha Rin Suit No. 2406/2016 & Artha Jari Suit No. 437/ 2018		Pending
3	Artha Rin Suit No. 371/2018	MIDAS Financing Ltd.	Pending
4	Artha Rin Suit No. 705/2017 & Artha Jari Suit No. 64/ 2019	Prime Finance & Investment Ltd.	Pending

CFO

Company Secretary

Briker

Director

Managing Director

Chairmai

Date: 05 June 2023 Place: Dhaka





Aziz Halim Khair Choudhury
Chartered Accountants
Exclusive Correspondent Firm of PKF International

EMERALD OIL INDUSTRIES LIMITED SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENTS

As at 30 June, 2022

Annexure: A

		COST	ST				DEPRECIATION		Wildian dame
Particulars	As at 01.07.2021	Addition during the year	Dispose during the year	As at 30.06.2022	Rate	As at 01.07.2021	Charged during the year	As at 30.06.2022	vertten down
Land & Land Development	50,600,447			50,600,447		1	1	1	50,600,447
Building & Other Civil Works	359,711,979	19,402,690		379,114,669	5%	138,637,776	11,538,777	150,176,553	228,938,116
Plant & Machineries	529,439,314	7,720,151		537,159,465	10%	325,413,311	20,788,608	346,201,919	190,957,546
Electrical & Gas Line Installation	9,842,954	12,904,606		22,747,560	15%	7,905,129	1,258,519	9,163,648	13,583,912
Furniture & Fixtures	3,272,194	751,304		4,023,498	15%	2,633,756	152,114	2,785,870	1,237,628
Office Decoration	1	150,000		150,000	15%		11,250	11,250	138,750
Office Equipment	3,563,095	1,438,440		5,001,535	20%	3,093,353	237,792	3,331,145	1,670,390
Vehicle	-	228,200		228,200	20%	1	22,820	22,820	205,380
Balance as at June 30, 2022	956,429,983	42,595,391		999,025,374		477,683,325	34,009,880	511,693,205	487,332,169

230,102 34,647,009 **34,877,111** 30.06.2021 33,585,904 423,976 30.06.2022

General & Administrative Expenses

Factory Overhead

478,746,658

34,877,111 477,683,325

442,806,214

956,429,983

20,400,000

1,511,200

975,318,783

Balance as at June 30, 2021

Depreciation Charged To-





Aziz Halim Khair Choudhury
Chartered Accountants
Exclusive Correspondent Firm of PKF International

EMERALD OIL INDUSTRIES LIMITED Quantity-wise break-up of Inventory As at 30 June, 2022

Annexure: B

						Annexure: B
Finished Goods:						
Itaaraa Namaa	Balance as	on 30 June 20	022	Balance a	s on 30 June	2021
Items Name	Quantity (Kg)	Rate	Amount	Quantity (Kg)	Rate	Amount
Rice Bran Oil (Bulk)	460,673.00	126.84	58,430,258	=		
De-oiled Rice Bran	27,880.00	19.22	535,875	-		
Empty Bag	5,250.00	17.00	89,250.00		-	
Total Finished Goods			59,055,383	-		-
Raw Materials:	- 1					
II.	Balance as	on 30 June 20	022	Balance a	s on 30 June	2021
Items Name	Quantity (Kg)	Rate	Amount	Quantity (Kg)	Rate	Amount
Rice Bran	159,086.00	35.58	5,659,733	-	-	
	159,086.00	35.58	5,659,733	-		-
Processing Material				-		
	Balance as	on 30 June 20)22	Balance a	s on 30 June	2021
Items Name	Quantity (Kg)	Rate	Amount	Quantity (Kg)	Rate	Amount
Activated Carbon	2,250.00	70.00	157,500	-		
Bleaching Earth	9,050.00	58.00	524,900	-		
Boric Acid	25.00	220.00	5,500	-		
Caustic Soda	130.00	67.73	8,805	-		
Citric Acid	50.00	210.71	10,536	8		
Filter Aid	900.00	108.00	97,200			
Phosphoric Acid	735.00	440.00	323,400		-	
Sodium Carbonate	90.00	65.00	5,850			
			1,133,691			-
Packing Materials:						
	Balance as	on 30 June 20	022	Balance a	s on 30 June	2021
Items Name	Quantity (Kg/Pcs)	Rate	Amount	Quantity (Kg/Pcs)	Rate	Amount
DORB Bag	28,838.00	16.80	484,371			
Carton	6,305.00	49.33	311,038			
Bottle	44,140.00	22.20	979,902			
Others			151,816			
			1,927,127			
.PG Cylinder:						
	Balance as	on 30 June 20)22	Balance a	s on 30 June	2021
Items Name	Quantity (Pcs)	Rate	Amount	Quantity (Pcs)	Rate	Amount
PG Cylinder	400.00	4,150.00	1,660,000	-	-	
Stores & Spares	Balance as	on 30 June 20	022	Balance a	s on 30 June	2021
Quantity-wise break-up of	Stores & Spares could no	ot be given				
as it was difficult to quant	1.2/	-	939,532			
distinct due to large variet	to the second contract of the second contract	A.	,			
Value of Closing Inventor			70,375,466			1





Annexure: C

EMERALD OIL INDUSTRIES LIMITED CALCULATION OF DEFERRED TAX FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2022

Property, Plant & Equipment (Carrying Amount):	nount):								Ailliexule: C
		TSOO	1				DEPRECIATION		
Particulars	As at 01.07.2021	Addition during the year	Dispose during the year	As at 30.06.2022	Rate	As at 01.07.2021	Charged during the year	As at 30.06.2022	Written down value
Land & Land Development	50,600,447	1		50,600,447		1	1		50,600,447
Building & Other Civil Works	359,711,979	19,402,690		379,114,669	2%	138,637,776	11,538,777	150,176,553	228,938,116
Plant & Machineries	529,439,314	7,720,151		537,159,465	10%	325,413,311	20,788,608	346,201,919	190,957,546
Electrical & Gas Line Installation	9,842,954	12,904,606		22,747,560	15%	7,905,129	1,258,519	9,163,648	13,583,912
Furniture & Fixtures	3,272,194	751,304		4,023,498	15%	2,633,756	152,114	2,785,870	1,237,628
Office Decoration		150,000		150,000	15%	3	11,250	11,250	138,750
Office Equipment	3,563,095	1,438,440		5,001,535	70%	3,093,353	237,792	3,331,145	1,670,390
Vehicle		228,200		228,200	20%	1	22,820	22,820	205,380
Balance as at 30.06.2022	956,429,983	42,595,391		999,025,374		477,683,325	34,009,880	511,693,205	487,332,169

Property, Plant & Equipment (Tax Base):									
		COST	Т.		Rate		DEPRECIATION		
Particulars	As at 01.07.2021	Addition during the year	Dispose during the year	As at 30.06.2022	of Dep.	As at 01.07.2021	Charged during the year	As at 30.06.2022	Written down value
Land & Land Development	50,600,447	1		50,600,447		τ			50,600,447
Building & Other Civil Works	47,018,825	19,402,690		66,421,515	70%		13,284,303	1	53,137,212
Plant & Machineries	80,693,508	7,720,151		88,413,659	20%		17,682,732	1	70,730,927
Electrical & Gas Line Installation	3,061,283	12,904,606		15,965,889	10%	ı	1,596,589		14,369,300
Furniture & Fixtures	992,104	751,304		1,743,408	10%	r	174,341	i.	1,569,067
Office Decoration	2,299,542	150,000		2,449,542	10%		244,954		2,204,588
Office Equipment	191,152	1,438,440		1,629,592	30%	r	488,878	ī	1,140,714
Vehicle	4,880,454	228,200		5,108,654	70%	1	1,021,731	•	4,086,923
Balance as at 30.06.2022	189,737,314	42,595,391		232,332,705			34,493,528		197,839,177

			The second secon	The second secon	The second secon		
Particulars	Carrying Amt.	Tax Base	Temporary Difference	Tax Rate	Cl. Liab/(Asset)	Cl. Liab/(Asset) Op. Liab/(Asset)	Exps/(Income)
Property, Plant & Equipment's	487,332,169	197,839,177	289,492,992	22.50%	65,135,923	65,027,102	108,821
WPPF	ï	1		22.50%	1	1	
Total	487,332,169	197,839,177	289,492,992		65,135,923	65,027,102	108,821

