

Auditor's Report
And
Financial Statements
Of
Emerald Oil Industries Limited
For the year ended June 30, 2021



Emerald Oil Industries Limited For the year ended 30 June 2021

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of Emerald Oil Industries Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Emerald Oil Industries Limited. ("The Company"), which comprise the Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2021, and the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matters described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion Section* of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the company as at 30 June 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flow year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs), the Companies Act 1994, the Securities and Exchange Rules 1987 and other applicable laws and regulations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

1. As disclosed in note # 5 Property, plant & equipment are at a written down value (WDV) of Taka 478,746,658 as on 30 June 2021. The authenticity and existence of property, plant & equipment could not be verified due to the non-availability of the fixed assets register (Soft or hard copy).

Moreover, during the year 2020-2021 the company has shown addition to Property, Plant & Equipment Tk. 1,511,200 against which they could not provide us with sufficient/appropriate audit evidence like original bills/invoice, goods receipts notes, challan, VAT & Tax deduction documents, contract, money receipts of parties, work completion certification, etc. for the verification. As a result, the genuineness and correctness of the addition to Property, Plant & Equipment could not be confirmed.

Further, It was observed that in the year 2020-2021, Bank Asia sold a flat of the company at Taka 20,400,000 through auction and adjust this money against their Loan. When we verified the sale of property, plant, and Equipment of the company we observed that the company could not able to give the effect of gain or loss on the sale of fixed assets in the financial statements due to the non-availability of appropriate and sufficient documents and information like a detailed list of disposed of assets, original cost value, accumulated depreciation, board approval, auctioned process & auctioned documents, gate pass, etc. The company could not make any accumulated depreciation adjustments in the financial statements for the sale of the assets.

- 2. No revaluation of Property, Plant & Equipment was carried out till 30th June 2021 to determine the fair value as per IAS-16.
- 3. Trade and Other Receivables of Taka 1,556,653,675 (Ref. note # 7.00) were shown as receivable from Mr. Syed Hasibul Gani Galib, Ex-Managing Director of the Company for the credit sales that were made during his tenure. Because the company could not collect the said receivables from the parties due to the unavailability of the parties' details (name, address, etc.). However, 100% provision for doubtful debt is provided by the company against the aforesaid receivable on the ground of uncertainty of recovery.
- 4. We could not confirm the authenticity, existence, aging, etc. of carry forward balances of Tax deducted at the source of Taka 1,000,856 and a Bank Guarantee Margin of Tk. 358,600 (Note-08.00) due to the non-availability of sufficient/appropriate audit evidence like bank guarantee agreement, correspondence with the bank, bank statements or confirmations from the bank, and any other supporting documentation, etc.

5. As disclosed in note # 9.00 Cash & Cash Equivalents Taka 9,586,010 as on 30 June 2021. To confirm this amount we sent balance confirmation letters to the respective bank branches maintaining accounts by the company. We did not receive the following balance confirmation certificates from the concerned bank branches:

Name of the Bank	Account No.	Amount	Remarks	
National Bank of Pakistan	000111100008392	27,521		
Basic Bank Ltd.	1510-01-0004855	91,677		
Dutch Bangla Bank Ltd.	2061100009548	3,310		
Jamuna Bank Ltd.	0069-0210000639	29,277		
Janata Bank Ltd	010233068969	392	73 5 2 1	
Mutual Trust Bank Ltd.	30260000721	350,813		
Mutual Trust Bank Ltd.	30260000730	28,577		
Tot	531,567			

6. As per financial statements, Minori Bangladesh Limited invested Taka 32,870,100 as a share money deposit as on 30 June 2021. During the year 2020-2021, the company received Taka 5,770,100 from Minori Bangladesh Limited as Share Money Deposit. While examining the aforesaid share money deposit we found that the company had received the share money deposit in cash instead of the Bank account.

However, Emerald Oil Industries Limited maintained a ledger to record the transactions made by "Minori Bangladesh Limited" on behalf of the company.

- 7. As disclosed in note # 13 in the year 2020-2021 an amount of Taka 65,027,102 was shown as deferred tax liability in the statement of financial position and Taka 7,460,511 as deferred tax expense in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The accuracy of the calculation of the said deferred tax liability and expense could not be confirmed due to the non-availability of the latest tax assessment order.
- 8. As disclosed in note # 14 Long Term Loan (Secured) Taka 1,305,150,784, to confirm this amount we sent balance confirmation letters to the respective bank branches maintaining accounts by the company. Out of which we have not received some balance confirmation certificates from the concerned bank branches. Details are given below:

Bank Name	Account No.	Amount
Basic Bank Ltd	1502-04-0000016	197,338,045
Basic Bank Ltd	1502-01-0000901	89,014,251
Basic Bank Ltd	1502-01-0000917	102,280,237
Basic Bank Ltd	1502-01-0000959	200,650,071
Basic Bank Ltd	1502-04-000042	76,689,913
Basic Bank Ltd	1560-01-0000579	58,611,910
United Leasing Co. Ltd.	67011400194	686,250
Midas Financing Ltd.	S00098 & L00937	243,654,888
Total		968,925,565

Further, we received balance confirmation Certificates from the following Bank & NBFI and found that there was a difference between the amount of the Company's Books & Financial Statements and the Balance Confirmation Certificate/Statements of Banks & NBFI. Details are given below:

Bank Name	Account No.	Amount as per Financial Statements	Amount as per Balance Confirmation	Difference
Bank Asia Ltd	2335000430	62,846,059	65,409,586	(2,563,527)
Bank Asia Ltd	2335000491	200,065,000	222,997,345	(22,932,345)
Prime Finance & Investment Ltd.	LAD # 2013/015	73,314,160	90,817,139	(17,502,979)
Tota		336,225,219	379,224,070	(42,998,851)





- 9. The company did not show any financial expenses in the financial statements against interest on Long Term loans from Banks and NBFIs in 2020-2021. If the company would have charged interest on Long Term Loan, the loss and the loan liability of the company would have been increased to that extent. The matter of non-charging of interest has been disclosed in note-14 of the financial statements.
- 10. As disclosed in note # 15 Trade and Other Payables of Taka 288,794,833 as on 30 June 2021 in comparison to the previous year's Taka 287,149,925. To confirm the above amount we sent balance confirmation letters to various parties but no confirmation letters have been received from the parties.
- 11. The company paid salary & allowance of Taka 2,534,500 and Taka 880,259 respectively in cash instead of A/C Payee cheque or Bank transfer to its employees which are disclosed in notes # 20.01 & 21.00 (Salary & Allowance).

Moreover, we also noticed various noncompliances with ITO 1984 & Rules as follows:

- a. In applicable cases, salary tax was not deducted at source and not deposited to the govt. treasury;
- b. The statement of 'Information regarding payment of salary' was not furnished to DCT in accordance with Section 108 of Income Tax Ordinance 1984 as per the prescribed Form.
- c. The statement of 'Information regarding the filing of return by employees' was not furnished to DCT in accordance with Section 108A Income Tax Ordinance 1984 as per the prescribed Form.

Due to due to non-deduction of salary tax and the non-furnish of aforesaid statements, the tax authority may disallow the salary & allowance expenses and subsequently impose a tax on the amount of salary & allowance expenses as per tax rate.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (IASs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Bangladesh, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our qualified opinion.

Emphasis of Matters:

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to this following:

- 1. As per Section 81 of The Companies Act 1994, every company shall hold an AGM each year. As per Section 82 if the default is made in holding a meeting of the Company, the company and every officer of the company who is in default shall be punishable.....". But the company could not hold its Annual General Meeting (AGM) since December 2016.
- 2. As per Section 36 of The Companies Act 1994 "Annual Summary of Share Capital and List of Shareholders and Directors to be filed within 21 days of an Annual General Meeting (AGM) to RJSC." But the company management did not comply with the aforesaid section of the Companies Act 1984.
- 3. The company management could not provide us with the latest Tax Assessment Status of the company for our verification, so we could not determine the actual tax liability of the company. The company did not submit the Income Tax Return of the company since the income year 2014-2015 as per section 75 (1) of the Income Tax Ordinance 1984. Further, the company provided us with a Tax Assessment Certificate of the company U/S 82BB of Income Tax Ordinance 1984 for the Assessment Year 2014-2015 (The income year 2013-2014).
- 4. According to Section 232 of the Labour Law 2006 of Bangladesh, it is obligatory for companies or establishments in Bangladesh to establish a Workers Profit Participation Fund (WPPF). The law mandates that a company must allocate five percent (5%) of its Net Profit to the Workers Profit Participation Fund, Welfare Fund, and Bangladesh



Worker's Welfare Foundation Fund, with a distribution ratio of 80:10:10. The payment should be made within nine (9) months after the end of each fiscal year. The company did not make any payment within the stipulated time since the year 2015-2016 in accordance with the abovementioned Law.

- 5. The company's failure to provide gratuity to its permanent employees as per Section 27(4) of the Bangladesh Labour Act 2006, as amended, which mandates employers to grant gratuity payments to permanent employees after one year of continuous service. This was reported in the "Emphasis of Matter" Paragraph of last year's audit report.
- 6. Due to the unavailability of required documents the verification of potential liability for pending tax cases which is dependent on the outcomes of such cases, could not be ascertained. Furthermore, there has been no disclosure in the financial statements regarding this issue.
- 7. No information was provided to the audit team regarding action taken by the company to recover the receivables from Mr. Syed Hasibul Gani Galib (Ex. Managing Director of the company).

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. Those matters were addressed in context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is produced in the context.

Our response to the risk
Our audit procedures to assess the carrying value of PP&E

478,746,658 Which is 97.18% of total assets.

There are a number of areas where management judgment impacts the carrying value of PP&E, and the related depreciation profiles. These include:

- · Determining which costs meet the criteria for capitalization;
- · The estimation of economic useful lives and residual values assigned to property, plant and equipment.

We identified the carrying value of property, plant and equipment as a key audit matter because of the high level of management judgment involved and because of its significance to the financial statements.

included the following:

- assessing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal controls over the completeness, existence and accuracy of property, plant and equipment, including the key internal controls over the estimation of useful economic lives and residual values;
- assessing, on a sample basis, costs capitalized during the year by comparing the costs capitalized with the relevant underlying documentation, which included purchase agreements and invoices, and assessing whether the costs capitalized met the relevant criteria for capitalization; and
- evaluating management's estimation of useful economic lives and residual values by considering our knowledge of the business.

See note no. 5.00 of the financial statements.

Reporting on Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.



Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements and Internal Controls

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs, the Companies Act 1994, the Securities and Exchange Rules 1987 and other applicable laws and regulations and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As a part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentation, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting polices used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubts on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusion is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matter communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would be reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the Companies Act 1994, the Securities and Exchange Rules 1987 and relevant notifications issued by Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission and other applicable laws and regulations. We, as required by law, further report that:

- a) We have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief where necessary for the purpose of our audit and made due verification thereof;
- b) In our opinion, proper books of accounts, records and other statutory books are required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appeared from our examinations of those books;
- c) The information and explanations required by us have been received and found satisfactory;
- d) The Statement of Financial Position, and the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income and Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows of the Company dealt with by the report are in agreement with the books of account and returns; and
- e) The expenditure was incurred for the purpose of the Company's business.

05 June 2023 Dhaka Signed for and on behalf of Aziz Halim Khair Choudhury Chartered Accountants

Signed by:

Md. Aftab Uddin Ahmed FCA

Senior Partner

ICAB Enrolment No.: 804 DVC# 2306050804AS646012

EMERALD OIL INDUSTRIES LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 30 June, 2021

A3 0 0 3 4 1 5 2 2 2				
		Amount In Taka	Amount In Taka	
Particulars	Notes	30.06.2021	30.06.2020	
A. NON-CURRENT ASSET		478,746,658	532,512,569	
Property, Plant & Equipment	5.00	478,746,658	532,512,569	
Intangible Assets	6.00			
B. CURRENT ASSET		13,884,148	13,771,551	
Trade & Other Receivable	7.00	-	-	
Advances, Deposits & Pre-Payments	8.00	4,298,138	4,284,683	
Cash & Cash Equivalents	9.00	9,586,010	9,486,868	
TOTAL ASSETS & PROPERTIES (A+B)		492,630,806	546,284,120	
C. SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY		(1,278,034,901)	(1,247,573,223)	
Share Capital	10.00	597,135,000	597,135,000	
Share Money Deposit	11.00	32,870,100	27,100,000	
Retained Earnings	12.00	(1,908,040,001)	(1,871,808,223)	
D. NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,370,177,887	1,398,707,148	
Deferred Tax Liabilities	13.00	65,027,102	72,487,614	
Long term Loan (Secured)	14.00	1,305,150,784	1,326,219,534	
E. CURRENT LIABILITIES		400,487,820	395,150,195	
Trade & Other Payables	15.00	288,794,833	287,149,925	
Unclaimed Public Subscription Money against IPO	16.00	6,286,250	6,286,250	
Unclaimed Dividend Account	17.00	1,193,709	1,193,709	
Accruals & Provisions	18.00	104,213,028	100,520,311	
TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES (C+D+E)		492,630,806	546,284,120	
Net Asset Value (NAVs) Per Share		(20.29)	(19.99)	

The annexed notes (1-34) the integral part of these financial statements. These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 01 June 2023.

CEO

Company Secretary

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TO TO

Chairman

Signed in terms of our separate report of even date annexed.

Signed for and on behalf of Aziz Halim Khair Choudhury Chartered Accountants

Signed by:

Md. Aftab Uddin Ahmed FCA

Senior Partner

ICAB Enrollment No.804

DVC: 2306050 804 ASG46012

Date: 05 June 2023 Place: Dhaka

EMERALD OIL INDUSTRIES LIMITED

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the Year Ended 30 June, 2021

Revenue Less: Cost Of Goods Sold Gross Profit/ (Loss) Operating Expenses	19.00 20.00	30.06.2021 - 37,236,709	30.06.2020 - 41,238,091
Less: Cost Of Goods Sold Gross Profit/ (Loss)			41 238 091
Less: Cost Of Goods Sold Gross Profit/ (Loss)			41 238 091
Gross Profit/ (Loss)		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O	41,230,031
Onerating Evnences		(37,236,709)	(41,238,091)
Operating expenses		(6,453,596)	(3,187,364)
General and Administrative Expenses	21.00	(6,453,596)	(3,187,364)
Profit/ (Loss) from Operations		(43,690,305)	(44,425,455)
Other Income	22.00	135,917	279,204
Financing Expenses	23.00	(107,320)	(105,818)
Profit/ (Loss) before WPPF & Tax		(43,661,708)	(44,252,069)
Contribution to WPPF			-
Profit/(Loss) before Tax		(43,661,708)	(44,252,069)
Income Tax Expenses	24.00	7,429,930	(2,058,919)
Current Tax		(30,581)	(69,801)
Deferred Tax (Expense)/Income		7,460,511	(1,989,118)
Net profit / (loss) after tax		(36,231,778)	(46,310,988)
Other Comprehensive Income			
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year		(36,231,778)	(46,310,988)
Earnings Per Share Par Value of Tk. 10/- each	25.00	(0.58)	(0.76)

The annexed notes (1-34) the integral part of these financial statements. These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 01 June 2023.

CFO

Date: 05 June 2023

Place: Dhaka

Company Secretary

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Director

Managing Director

Chairman

Signed in terms of our separate report of even date annexed.

Signed for and on behalf of Aziz Halim Khair Choudhury Chartered Accountants

Signed by:

Md. Aftab Uddin Ahmed FCA

Senior Partner

ICAB Enrollment No.804

DVC: 2306050804AS646012

EMERALD OIL INDUSTRIES LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the Year Ended 30 June, 2021

		Amount in Taka				
Particulars	Share Capital	Share Money Deposit	Retained Earnings	Total Amount		
Balance as at July 01, 2020	597,135,000	27,100,000	(1,871,808,223)	(1,247,573,223)		
Share Money Deposit During the year	-	5,770,100	-	5,770,100		
Net profit after tax for the year	-	-	(36,231,778)	(36,231,778)		
Balance as at June 30, 2021	597,135,000	32,870,100	(1,908,040,000)	(1,278,034,900)		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Amount in Taka				
Particulars	Share Capital	Share Money Deposit	Retained Earnings	Total Amount	
Balance as at July 01, 2019	597,135,000	-	(1,825,585,259)	(1,228,450,259)	
Prior Year Adjustment	-		88,024	88,024	
Restated Opening Balance	597,135,000	-	(1,825,497,235)	(1,228,362,235)	
Share Money Deposit During the year	-	27,100,000	-	27,100,000	
Net profit after tax for the year	-	-	(46,310,988)	(46,310,988)	
Balance as at June 30, 2020	597,135,000	27,100,000	(1,871,808,223)	(1,247,573,223)	

The annexed notes (1-34) the integral part of these financial statements. These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 01 June 2023.

Company Secre

Direct

Managine Director

Chairman

Signed in terms of our separate report of even date annexed.

Date: 05 June 2023 Place: Dhaka



EMERALD OIL INDUSTRIES LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended 30 June, 2021

		Amount In Taka	Amount In Taka
Particulars	Notes	30.06.2021	30.06.2020
A. Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash received from customer & other income	26.00	135,917	367,229
Payment to Creditors, Suppliers & Others	27.00	(3,506,150)	6,138,308
Income Tax Paid during the year	28.00	(13,455)	(36,777)
Net Cash provided by operating activities		(3,383,688)	6,468,760
B. Cash flows from investing activities:			
Acquisition of property, plant and Equipment	2	(1,511,200)	(1,588,308)
Disposal of property, plant and Equipment		20,400,000	=
Net Cash used in investing activities		18,888,800	(1,588,308)
C. Cash flows from financing activities:			
Financial Expenses	ſ	(107,320)	(105,818)
Share Money Deposit	9	5,770,100	27,100,000
Long Term Bank Loan (paid)/Received-Net		(21,068,750)	(31,581,346)
Net Cash from financing Activities		(15,405,970)	(4,587,164)
Net Decrease in cash & cash equivalents (A+B+C)		99,142	293,288
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		9,486,868	9,193,580
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		9,586,010	9,486,868
Net Operating Cash Flow Per Share	30.00	(0.054)	0.106

The annexed notes (1-34) the integral part of these financial statements. These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 01 June 2023.

CFO

Company Secretary

Managing Director

Chairman

Signed in terms of our separate report of even date annexed.

Date: 05 June 2023 Place: Dhaka



EMERALD OIL INDUSTRIES LIMITED Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 30 June, 2021

1.00 REPORTING ENTITY

1.01 Formation and legal status

Emerald Oil Industries Ltd, (hereinafter referred to as EOIL), a Public Limited Company was incorporated under the Companies Act 1994 vide Registration No. C-72229(271/2008) dated July 17, 2008. Initially the company named as 'Emerald Oil & Poultry Industries Limited' having its registered office in Dhaka. The Corporate Office of the company is situated at Halimunnesa's Court (9th floor), 23 Kakrail Road, Dhaka 1000. The company started its commercial operation from July 02, 2011. The board in its meeting held on December 21, 2011 decided to convert the company into public limited and converted into public limited accordingly. The company was renamed as "Emerald Oil Industries Ltd' with effect from December 01, 2011. The company was listed with Dhaka Stock Exchange Ltd. and Chittagong Stock Exchange Ltd. on March 11, 2014 and March 13, 2014 respectively.

1.02 Nature of business

The Company is engaged in manufacturing of Rice Bran Oil by processing of Rice Bran. In the processing of rice bran, De-oil Bran, Fatty Acid, Wax, Gum & Spent Earth are produced as by-product.

2.00 BASIS OF PREPARATION, PRESENTATION AND DISCLOSURES OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.01 Statement of Compliance

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis following accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow statement in accordance with the International Accounting Standards (IASs) and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted in Bangladesh by the Financial Reporting Council (FRC).

2.02 Other regulatory compliances

As required, Emerald Oil Industries Ltd complies with the following major Act and Rules in addition to the Companies Act 1994 and other applicable laws and regulations:

- a) The Income Tax Ordinance, 1984
- b) The Income Tax Rules, 1984
- c) The Value Added Tax & Supplementary Duty Act, 2012
- d) The Value Added Tax & Supplementary Duty Rules, 2016
- e) Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission Rules 1987

2.03 Basis of Measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis, accrual concept and going concern assumptions.

2.04 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are prepared in Bangladesh Taka (Taka/Tk.), which is the company's functional currency. All financial information presented in Taka has been rounded off to the nearest integer.

2.05 Use of Estimates and Judgment

The preparation of these financial statements is in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

2.06 Presentation of Financial Statements

The presentation of these financial statements is in accordance with the guidelines provided by IAS 1: Presentation of Financial Statements, The Financial Statement comprises:

- a) Statement of financial position
- b) Statement of profit or loss and others comprehensive income
- c) Statement of changes in equity
- d) Statement of cash flows and
- e) Notes to the financial statements, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and explanatory information.



2.07 Reporting Period

The financial period of the company covers twelve months from 01 July 2020 to 30 June 2021.

2.08 Date of Authorization

The Board of Directors has authorized these financial statements on 01 June 2023.

2.09 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently (otherwise as stated) to all periods presented in these financial statements.

3.00 Application of Standards

The following Standards are applied to the financial statements for the year under review:

Name of the accounting standards	Ref. No.	Status of Application
Presentation of Financial Statements	IAS-1	Applied
Inventories	IAS - 2	Applied
Statements of Cash Flows	IAS - 7	Applied
Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors.	IAS - 8	Applied
Events after the reporting period	IAS - 10	Applied
Income Taxes	IAS - 12	Applied
Property, Plant and Equipment	IAS - 16	Applied
Employee Benefit	IAS - 19	Applied
The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	IAS - 21	Applied
Borrowing Costs	IAS - 23	Applied
Related Party Disclosures	IAS - 24	Applied
Financial Instrument, Presentation	IAS - 32	Applied
Earnings Per Share	IAS - 33	Applied
Interim Financial Reporting, Comparative Information	IAS - 34	Applied
Impairment of Assets	IAS - 36	Applied
Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets	IAS - 37	Applied
Intangible Assets	IAS - 38	Applied
Financial Instruments: Recognition & Measurement	IAS - 39	Applied
Financial Instruments disclosure	IFRS - 7	Applied
Fair Value Measurement	IFRS - 13	Applied
	IFRS - 15	Applied
Revenue Leases	IFRS - 16	Not Applicable

3.01 Property, Plant and Equipment

3.01.01 Recognition and Measurement and Disclosure

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation less impairment loss, if any. Capital work-in-progress represents the cost incurred for acquisition and/or construction of property, plant and equipment that were not ready for use, are stated at cost.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of asset. The cost of self constructed asset includes the cost of material and direct labour and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to the state of its intended use and the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located.

3.01.02 Borrowing Costs

Interest and other expenses incurred by the company in respect of borrowing of fund are recognized as expenses in the period in which they incurred unless the activities that are necessary to prepare the qualifying assets for its intended use are in progress. Expenses capitalized also include applicable borrowing cost considering the requirement of IAS 23: Borrowing Costs.

3.01.03 Subsequent Costs and Maintenance Activities

The company recognizes in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment the cost of replacing part of such an item when the cost is incurred, it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Expenditure incurred after the assets have been put into operation, such as repair and maintenance is normally charged off as revenue expenditure in the period in which it is incurred. In situation where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditure has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefit expected to be obtained from the use of fixed assets, the expenditure is capitalized as an additional cost of the assets. All other costs are recognized to the profit and loss account as expenses if incurred. All up-gradation/enhancement are generally charged off as revenue expenditure unless they bring similar significant additional benefits.

3.01.04 Disposal of property, plant and equipment

On Disposal of property, plant and equipment, the cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated and gain or loss on such disposal is reflected in the income statement, which is determined with reference to the net book value of the assets and net sales proceeds.



3.01.05 Maintenance Activities

The company incurs maintenance cost for all its major items of property, plant and equipment. Repair and maintenance costs are charged as expenses when incurred.

3.01.06 Depreciation

Depreciation on all items of Property, Plant & Equipment other than Land & Land development is computed using the reducing balance method so as to write off the assets over their expected useful life. Depreciation on Property, Plant & Equipment has been charged on acquisition of Property, Plant & Equipment when it is available for use.

After considering the useful life of assets as per IAS-16, the annual depreciation rates have been applied as under which is considered reasonable by the management.

_	Rate of Depreciation		
Category	30.06.2021	30.06.2020	
Land & Land Development	-	-	
Building & Other Civil Works	5%	5%	
Plant & Machineries	10%	10%	
Electrical & Gas Line Installation	15%	15%	
Furniture & Fixtures	15%	15%	
Office Decoration	15%	15%	
Office Equipment	20%	20%	
Vehicle	20%	20%	

3.02 Capital Work-in-progress

Property, plant and equipment under construction/acquisition is accounted for as capital work-in-progress until construction/acquisition is complete and measured at cost.

3.03 Intangible Assets

3.03.01 Recognition and measurement

Intangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss, if any. Intangible asset is recognized when all the conditions for recognition as per IAS 38: "Intangible assets" are met. The cost of an intangible asset comprises its purchase price, import duties and non-refundable taxes and any directly attributable cost of preparing the asset for its intended use.

3.03.02 Amortization

Amortization is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income on straight line method. The estimated useful life for computer software is 10 years and Campaign film is 5 years.

3.04 Inventories

Inventories comprise of raw materials, Finished goods, Processing Material, Packing Materials and Stores & Spares. Raw materials and Stores and Spares have been valued at average cost. Finished goods have been valued at lower of net realizable value and total of cost of material and other production Overhead attributable to bringing the goods to the state of sale under the convention of IAS-2.

3.05 Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable is initially recognized at cost which is the fair value of the consideration given in return. After initial recognition these are carried at cost less impairment losses due to doubtful of recovery of any amount so recognized.

3.06 Advances, Deposits and Prepayments

Advances are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition advances are carried at cost less deductions, adjustments or charges to other account heads such as property, plant and equipment, inventory or expenses.

Deposits are measured at payment value.

Prepayments are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition prepayments are carried at cost less charges to profit and loss account.

3.07 Cash and Cash Equivalent

Cash and cash equivalent include cash in hand, cash at banks which are held and available for use by the Company without any restriction.

3.08 Contingencies

There is ongoing litigation against the Ex Directors removed on 02 March 2021 as well as Emerald Oil Industries Ltd. by Anti-Corruption Commission (ACC) and some other government parties regarding loan arrangement from BASIC bank against which a writ petition (No. 13250 of 2015) has been lodged. At this point management is unable to measure the obligation with sufficient reliability or ascertain the outcome of this litigation. Hence no provision for liability has been recorded.



3.09 Going Concern

The company made a net Loss after tax of Tk. 36,231,778/- during the year. The company could not repay its banks'/financial Institutions' loans in due time which resulted in anti-corruption commission filing a lawsuit against the Directors as well as the Company as detailed in 3.08.

However Bangladesh Securities & Exchange Commission vide letter no.-BSEC/SRMIC/47/2014/73, Dated: 02 March 2021 appointed 5 (Five) distinguished individuals as Independent Directors of the Company in accordance with condition under 2 of the Commission's Notification No. SEC/CMRRCD/2009-193/07/Admin, Dated September 01, 2020. The new Board already included an investor namely "Minori Bangladesh Ltd." vide letter No.-BSEC/SRMIC/47/2014/112, Dated 29 April 2021 to bring the company into operation.

3.10 Income Tax & VAT

Current Tax

A provision @ 0.6% on the Gross Revenue Income except other income of the company has been provided during the year as per the Income Tax Ordinance, 1984. However provision 25% is made on total others income of the company.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided for all temporary differences comprising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in financial statements in accordance with the provision of IAS-12.

Value Added Tax (VAT)

No VAT is applicable on the sale proceeds of the company as the company's sales is exempted from VAT under Table-3, Heading No.-15.15, H.S.Code-1515.90.00 of related SRO of The Value Added Tax & Supplementary Duty Act, 2012.

3.11 Revenue Recognition

In compliance with the requirements of IFRS – 15: Revenue, revenue from receipts from customers against sales is recognized when products are dispatched to customers, that is, when the significant risk and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, recovery of the consideration is probable, the associated costs and possible return of goods can be estimated reliably, and there is no continuing management involvement with the goods.

3.12 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are recognized in profit or loss using effective interest method. Borrowing cost incurred against loan for BMRE project has been capitalized under effective interest rate method.

3.13 Statement of Cash Flows

Cash flow statement is prepared in accordance with IAS-7 titled "Statement of Cash Flows" and the Cash flow from operating activities has been presented under direct method.

3.14 Statements of Changes in Equity

Statement of changes in equity is prepared in accordance with IAS-1 "Presentation of Financial Statements". This statement reflects information about the increase or decrease in net assets or wealth.

3.15 Earnings Per Share

The company calculates its earnings per share in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) -33 which has been reported on the face of Statement of profit or loss and others comprehensive income.

Basic Earnings Per Share

The Company present its Basic earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted Earnings Per Share

No diluted earnings per share is required to be calculated for the period as there was no scope for dilution during the year.

3.16 Employee Benefit Schemes

Workers Profit Participation Fund (WPPF)

During 2011-12, The company has introduced Workers Profit Participation Fund for its employees in accordance with provisions of Bangladesh Labour Act, 2006 (Sec-232(1)). No provision is made during the year 2020-21 as the company incurred loss.

3.17 Related Party Transactions

The Company carried out related party transaction only with key management personal. The information as required by IAS 24: "Related party Disclosure" has been disclosed in notes to the accounts (Note: 33).



3.18 Events After the Reporting Period

In compliance with the requirements of IAS 10: Events after the reporting period, post Balance Sheet events that provide additional information about the company's position at the reporting Date are reflected in the financial statements.

3.19 Net Asset Value per Share (NAVs):

Net Asset Value (NAVs) per share has been calculated by dividing net asset value reported in the statement of financial position by the number of ordinary shares in issue.

3.20 Comparative

Comparative information has been disclosed in respect of the previous year for all numerical information in the financial statements and also the narrative and descriptive information when it is relevant for understanding of the current year financial statements.

Previous year's figure has been re-arranged whenever considered necessary to ensure comparability with the current year's presentation as per IAS-8: "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors".

3.21 Impairment of assets

I) Financial Assets

Accounts receivable and others receivables are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence of impairment. Financial assets are impaired if objective indicates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that the loss event had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flow of that asset that can be estimated reliably. Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired can include default of delinquency by a debtor, indicates that a debtor of issuer will enter bankruptcy etc.

II) Non-Financial assets

An asset is impaired when its carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exits, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less cost to sell and its value in use. Carrying amount of the assets is reduced to its recoverable amount by recognizing an impaired loss is recognized immediately in statement of comprehensive income unless the asset is carried at revalued amount. Any impaired loss of a revalued asset treated as a revaluation decrease. During the period no impaired loss occurred to recognize in the Financial Statements.

3.22 Leases

In compliance with IFRS 16, Lease in terms of which the company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases and all other leases are classified as operating lease.

3.23 Foreign Currency Transaction:

Foreign currency transactions are recorded, on initial recognition in the functional currency at the spot exchange rate ruling at the transaction date.

At the end of each reporting period, in compliance with the provision of IAS 21: The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates, are determined as under:

- (a) Foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate.
- (b) Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical costs in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.
- (c) Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency is translated using the exchange rate at the date when the fair value is determined.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at rate different from those at which they were translated on initial recognition during the period or in previous financial statements is recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

4.00 Risk Factors & Management Perception About The Risks

An investment in Equity Shares is not always risk free. Sometimes it involves a high degree of risk. Before making an investment in the Equity Shares, please carefully consider all the information in this Prospectus including the risk and uncertainties described below. If any of the following risk actually occurs, our business, financial condition and results of our operations could suffer, the trading price of our equity shares could decline and you may lose all or part of your investment.



4 01 Interest Rate Risks

Financial market of Bangladesh has been experiencing volatile interest rate over the year. Unfavorable movement of interest rate enhances the cost of fund of the company and could adversely affect the business and future financial performance.

Management Perception

Management of the Company is aware about the interest rate volatility and always sourcing bank loan at competitive market rate. On the other hand management emphasizes on equity based financing to reduce the dependency on bank borrowings. Nevertheless, it may not always be possible while funding of local procurement of raw materials is done against bank borrowings.

4.02 Exchange Rate Risks

The company faces foreign exchange rate fluctuation risk as the Company imports small portion of raw materials like hexane, phosphoric acid, bleaching earth, citric acid etc. against payment of foreign currency. Unfavorable volatility of foreign currency may affect the profitability of the company.

Management Perception

Cost of imported materials for the company is insignificant compared to total cost of production. On the other hand, all other market players in edible oil industry faces very high exchange rate risk as they operate based on import of entire raw materials. This provides the company in a favorable position to manage exchange rate fluctuations.

4.03 Industry Risks

(a) Competitive Market for Edible Oil

Presently, Edible oil industry of Bangladesh is very much competitive. Soybean Oil and palm oil dominate the whole edible oil industry in Bangladesh. For the first time Rice bran oil emerged as an alternative to Soybean Oil and palm oil in our market. Demand, supply, consumption, competitive scenario, etc. of Rice bran oil are the triggering factors for successful operation of the company.

Management Perception

Rice Bran Oil is currently being considered as the world's healthiest edible oil that contains vitamins, antioxidants, nutrients and free from trans fat. It can help lower cholesterol, fight diseases, enhance the immune system, fat free radicals and more. Rice Bran Oil is used to fry, sauté, in salad dressings, baking, dipping oils and where ever you use cooking oil.

Increasing health consciousness of general people and due emphasis of the Government in this sector, the demand for rice bran oil is growing very fast. These are important ingredients for defining unique selling proposition (USP) for marketing the products. The Company also foresees growing demand for its products. With the proposed expansion and strengthening financial condition due to the public issue the company will be in a very strong position to develop effective marketing strategies and compete in the market in order to grab emerging market opportunities.

(b) Market penetration

The company has recently introduced the rice bran oil in the market where the imported as well as local brands of rice bran/soyabean oil have already been dominating huge local edible oil market. In case the company fails to secure market for its products at the desired price, profitability as well as growth of the company may be seriously affected.

Management Perception

Since commencement of operation the company is in a position to sale the entire product of oil in the local market. With the increasing awareness as well as continuing branding campaigns for the product the retail sale has been growing which is expected to increase further. In view of growing demand as well as higher margin in retail sales the management feels that profitability can be safely maintained in the future years.

(c) Sourcing of Raw Materials

Main raw material for the project is rice bran which is available locally. The company collects rice bran usually from five nearer districts (i.e. Sherpur, Mymensingh, Tangail, Natrokona, Jamalpur). Except rice bran, the project requires hexanoic phosphoric acid, bleaching earth, citric acid etc. as raw materials, which are usually sourced from abroad.

Management Perception

The risks on sourcing raw materials are very limited. There are 460 auto rice mills in these five districts and these mills produces around 3,11,645 kg of rice bran every day (Source: Bangladesh Rice Mills Association). The sponsors of the company developed very strong network with most of these rice millers. As a result, the company has been enjoying smooth flow of raw materials since inception of the company and expected to continue the same.

4.04 Market and Technology-Related Risks

Technology plays an important role for the existence of a company. Innovation of a new and cost effective technology may render the existing technology obsolete, which may cause negative impact on the performance of the company.





Management Perception

Management of EOIL is very much aware of this risk. The company took initiative to expand its production capacity with the latest technology to minimize the market and technological risk.

4.05 Potential or Existing Government Regulations

Adverse Changes in the regulations governing the edible oil and compounded animal feed industries may bring adverse effect on our business growth, financial condition and operational performance.

Management Perception

The edible oil industry is one of the high regulated sectors in Bangladesh and has stringent laws for consumer protection. Any change in the statutory and regulatory framework for edible oil as well as the compounded animal feed industry will have impact on the business of all market players almost equally.

4.06 Potential Changes in Global or National Policies

Performance of the Company will be hampered due to unfavorable changes in national as well as global policy. Furthermore, the performance of the Company may adversely affect due to unavoidable circumstances like political turmoil both in Bangladesh and worldwide.

Management Perception

Any change in the global and national policy will affect all the market players almost equally. However, impact of change in global policies will be very negligible because EOIL operates its business based on local raw material. On the other hand, rice bran oil is the new introduction in Bangladesh. Hence, as far as national policy is concerned, rice bran oil sector is not expected to face any adverse effect in near future.

4.07 Operational Risks

Shortage or non-availability of power and gas may adversely affect the manufacturing processes of the factory. In addition, shortage in treated water, flawed machineries etc. may disrupt the company's operational activities which in turn will affect the quality of refined rice bran oil.

Management Perception

Manufacturing process of our Company requires substantial amount of power, gas and fuel. To facilitate the manufacturing facilities, company has adequate power backup from own fuel generator along with adequate Rural Electrification Board of Bangladesh (REB) load sanction. In addition, the company gets required water from its own water treatment plant. However, shortage of gas supply may increase our dependency on the usage of furnace oil which will increase our cost and may have an adverse impact on our profitability.

4.08 Non-operating History

Any interruption in the operations of the company affects the company's image as a going concern. This is crucial for every company to operate its business activities in an ongoing basis albeit saving for the scheduled shut down for maintenance. Failure to do so would result in loss in profitability in the long run. Emarald Oil Industries Ltd. was not in production from April 2017 to December 2021 due to then management's failure.

Management Perception

The company is operating normally except that for the nature of the project 35 to 40 days is generally required for yearly overhauling of plant and machineries.

4.09 Dependability on Agricultural Production (Paddy)

The business of EOIL is very much dependent on agricultural production particularly Paddy. If the paddy production is hampered due to any environmental reasons then the production of main raw material of rice bran oil i.e. rice bran will be also hampered. As result, production of EOIL will be affected due to lack of main raw material i.e. rice bran.

Management Perception

If there is a shortfall of paddy production due to adverse climatic conditions, performance of our company may also be affected adversely. Any significant increase in the prices of these raw materials or decrease in the availability of the raw materials could also adversely affect our results of operations.





6,760,000

6.760,000

6,760,000

Aziz Halim Khair Choudhury

Chartered Accountants

Exclusive Correspondent Firm of PKF International

Amount In Taka	Amount In Taka	
30.06.2021	30.06.2020	

5.00	PROPERTY,	PLANT &	EQUIF	PEMENTS: TK.	478,746,658
------	-----------	---------	-------	--------------	-------------

This is made up as follows:

D	-	rt	ic	 12	rc

Opening Balance Addition during the year

Less: Disposal during the year Closing Balance

Less: Accumulated Depreciation

Written Down Value:

The details have been shown in Annexure: A

975,318,783	973,730,475
1,511,200	1,588,308
976,829,983	975,318,783
20,400,000	-
956,429,983	975,318,783
477,683,325	442,806,214
478,746,658	532,512,569

6,760,000

6.760,000

6,760,000

6.00 INTANGIBLE ASSETS: TK. 0

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Opening Balance Addition during the year

Closing Balance Less: Accumulated Amortization:

Written Down Value:

The details have been shown in Annexure: B

7.00 TRADE & OTHER RECEIVABLES: TK. 0

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Dues within three months
Dues over three months but within six months
Dues over six months

TOTAL

Less: Provision for Bad & Doubtful Debts

Net Amount

ſ	-	-
	-	-
1	1,556,653,675	1,556,653,675
•	1,556,653,675	1,556,653,675
	1 556 652 675	1 556 653 675

Since the Buyers name, address, and other details were not available and there was an uncertainty of recovery, the full amount of Accounts Receivables as of 30.06.2016 was transferred to Ex-Managing Director Mr. Syed Hasibul Gani Galib and all credit sales which was made during the year (2016-17) also transferred in his name. During the year 2019-2020, Bank Asia management realized an amount of Tk.1,05,00,000 against their loan to the company through a sale of Ex-Managing Director, Mr. Syed Hasibul Gani Galib's personal assets by auction.

8.00 ADVANCES, DEPOSITS & PRE-PAYMENTS: TK. 4,298,138

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Advances:

Tax Deducted at source

Deposits

Other Advance

Note: 8.01

1,051,088	1,037,633
1,051,088 3,247,050	3,247,050
-	-

TOTAL

4,298,138 4,284,683

8.01 DEPOSITS: TK. 3,247,050

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Security Deposits-REB
Security Deposits-Titas Gas
Security Deposits-T & T
Bank Guarantee Margin
Lease Deposits-PFIL
Lease Deposits-ULCL
Security Deposits-CDBL

 3 247 050	3.247.050
400,000	400,000
202,450	202,450
1,371,250	1,371,250
358,600	358,600
10,000	10,000
896,500	896,500
8,250	8,250





Chartered Accountants

Exclusive Correspondent Firm of PKF International

Amount In Taka	Amount In Taka	
30.06.2021	30.06.2020	

9.00 CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS: TK. 9,586,010

This is made up as follows:

<u>Particulars</u>

TOTAL

Cash in Hand Cash at Bank

Note: 9.01

-	-
9,586,010	9,486,868
9,586,010	9,486,868

9.01 CASH AT BANK: TK. 9,586,010

This is made up as follows:

Name of the Bank	Branch	Account No.	30.06.2021	30.06.2020
The Farmers Bank Ltd.	Gulshan	0111100043807	1,212	1,902
National Bank of Pakistan	Motijheel	000111100008392	27,521	28,441
Bank Asia Ltd	Bashundhara	02336000081	731,215	739,083
Basic Bank Ltd.	Dilkusha	1510-01-0004855	91,677	92,367
Brac Bank Ltd.	Sherpur	6001-2026-2539-9001	575	575
Dutch Bangla Bank Ltd.	Jamalpur	2061100009548	3,310	
Islami Bank Bangladesh Ltd	Dilkusha	20502130100194512	9,790	10,480
Jamuna Bank Ltd.	Sherpur	0069-0210000639	29,277	29,277
Janata Bank Ltd	Dilkusha	010233068969	392	1,082
Mutual Trust Bank Ltd.	Panthapath	30320001642	7,697,069	7,589,169
Mutual Trust Bank Ltd.	Panthapath	30260000721	350,813	351,369
Mutual Trust Bank Ltd.	Panthapath	30260000730	28,577	27,352
Mutual Trust Bank Ltd.	Principal	20210029840	614,582	615,771
TOTAL	Linding		9,586,010	9,486,868

10.00 SHARE CAPITAL: TK. 597,135,000

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Authorized Capital:

100,000,000 ordinary shares of tk. 10/- each

Issued and Paid-up Capital

5,97,13,500 ordinary shares of tk. 10/- each

TOTAL

L,000,000,000	1,000,000,000

597,135,000 597,135,000

597,135,000 597,135,000

The aforesaid share capital is subscribed as under:

Holding of the Share	No. of Shareholder	No. of Share	Value in Taka	Value in Taka
Sponsors/Directors	7	22,848,125	228,481,250	169,716,250
Institutions	211	8,583,080	85,830,800	93,566,660
General Public	4,690	28,282,295	282,822,950	333,852,090
TOTAL	4,908	59,713,500	597,135,000	597,135,000

Details of Number of holders and percentage as under:

8		30.06.2021			30.06.2020		
Shareholding Range	No. of Shareholder	No. of Shares	Ownership (%)	No. of Shareholder	No. of Shares	Ownership (%)	
0001-499	1,547	250,102	0.42%	1,830	298,529	0.50%	
500-5000	2,462	4,080,304	6.83%	3,275	5,561,821	9.31%	
5001-10000	362	2,752,289	4.61%	511	3,769,996	6.31%	
10001-20000	199	2,986,058	5.00%	263	3,920,321	6.57%	
20001-30000	93	2,348,201	3.93%	118	2,954,382	4.95%	
30001-40000	50	1,784,578	2.99%	56	1,971,203	3.30%	
40001-50000	35	1,609,001	2.69%	32	1,481,561	2.48%	
50001-100000	96	7,123,233	11.93%	60	4,526,471	7.58%	
100001-1000000	57	12,438,076	20.83%	51	10,887,558	18.23%	
1000001-1000000000	7	24,341,658	40.76%	7	24,341,658	40.76%	
TOTAL	4,908	59,713,500	100.00%	6,203	59,713,500	100.00%	





Chartered Accountants

27,100,000

Exclusive Correspondent Firm of PKF International

	Amount In Taka	Amount In Taka	
30.06.2021		30.06.2020	

11.00 SHARE MONEY DEPOSIT: TK. 32,870,100

This is deposited by Minori Bangladesh Ltd and is made up as follows:

Particulars

Opening Balance
Deposit During the Year
Share Allotment

27,100,000 5,770,100

CLOSING BALANCE

32,870,100 27,100,000

12.00 RETAINED EARNINGS: TK. -1,908,040,001

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Opening Balance Prior year adjustment Add: Net Profit/(Loss) after tax for the year

Note: 12.01

(1,871,808,223) (1,825,585,259) - 88,024 (36,231,778) (46,310,988)

CLOSING BALANCE

(1,908,040,001) (1,871,808,223)

12.01 PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT: TK. 0

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

LC Margin Refund Cash at BRAC Bank

TOTAL

-	87,449
-	575

88,024

13.00 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY: TK. 65,027,102

The break-up of the amount is given below:

<u>Particulars</u>	
Property, Plant & Equ	uipment
Deferred Tax Liabilit	у :

Carrying Amount	Tax Base	Temporary Difference	Tax Rate	Deferred Tax (Assets)/Liab.	Deferred Tax (Assets)/Liab.	
478,746,658	189,737,314	289,009,344	22.50%	65,027,102	72,487,614	
478,746,658	189,737,314	289,009,344		65,027,102	72,487,614	

14.00 LONG TERM LOAN (SECURED): TK. 1,305,150,784

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Bank Name	Types of A/C	Branch	Account No.	30.06.2021	30.06.2020
Basic Bank Ltd	Term Loan	Dilkusha	1502-04-0000016	197,338,045	197,338,045
Basic Bank Ltd	Term Loan	Dilkusha	1502-01-0000901	89,014,251	89,014,251
Basic Bank Ltd	Term Loan	Dilkusha	1502-01-0000917	102,280,237	102,280,237
Basic Bank Ltd	Term Loan	Dilkusha	1502-01-0000959	200,650,071	200,650,071
Basic Bank Ltd	Term Loan	Dilkusha	1502-04-000042	76,689,913	76,689,913
Basic Bank Ltd	СС	Dilkusha	1560-01-0000579	58,611,910	58,611,910
Bank Asia Ltd	Term Loan	Bashundhara	2335000430	62,846,059	62,806,059
Bank Asia Ltd	Term Loan	Bashundhara	2335000491	200,065,000	220,425,000
United Leasing Co. Ltd.	Lease Finance	Kazi Nazrul Islam Avenue	67011400194	686,250	1,435,000
Prime Finance & Investment Ltd.	Lease Finance	Dilkusha	LAD # 2013/015	73,314,160	73,314,160
Midas Financing Ltd.	Lease Finance	Dhanmondi	S00098 & L00937	243,654,888	243,654,888
TOTAL				1,305,150,784	1,326,219,534

Since the Company has pending litigation with it's Lender Bank & NBFI which is disclosed in Note-34, therefore no interest is charged during the year.





Chartered Accountants

Exclusive Correspondent Firm of PKF International

Amount In Taka	[
30.06.2021	r

Amount In Taka 30.06.2020

15.00 TRADE & OTHER PAYABLES: TK. 288,794,833

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Trade Creditors Advance against Sales Payable to Ex-Managing Director Mr. Syed Hasibul Gani Galib** Bills & Others Payable TOTAL

166,381,247	166,381,247
166,381,247 45,848,547 10,500,000	45,848,547
10,500,000	10,500,000
66,065,039	64,420,131
288 794 833	287 149 925

^{**}The above amount of Tk. 10,500,000 was realized by Bank Asia through auction sale of personal assets of Ex-Managing Director Mr. Syed Hasibul Gani Galib against the bank loan to the company.

16.00 UNCLAIMED PUBLIC SUBSCRIPTION MONEY AGINST IPO: TK. 6,286,250

This represent the amount payable against uncollected IPO subscription for Initial Public Offering liability as follows:

Bank Name	Account Types	Currency	Account No.	30.06.2021	30.06.2020
Mutual Trust Bank Limited	SND	BDT	0003-0320001642	5,965,250	5,965,250
Mutual Trust Bank Limited	FC	USD	0003-0260000721	321,000	321,000
TOTAL	1.0	1000		6,286,250	6,286,250

17.00 UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND ACCOUNT: TK. 1,193,709

This is made up as follows:

<u>Years</u> For the Year 2013-14 For the Year 2014-15	No of Shareholders 385 no's 215 no's	598,450 595,259	598,450 595,259
TOTAL		1,193,709	1,193,709

18.00 ACCURALS & PROVISIONS: TK. 104,213,028

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Office Rent Payable Audit & Professional Fees Gas Bill CSE Listing Fee Payable DSE Listing Fee Payable Workers' Profit Participation Fund Provision for Income Tax

	104,213,028	100,520,311
Note - 18.02	47,436,436	47,405,855
Note - 18.01	33,573,634	33,573,634
	1,194,372	895,804
	1,627,139	1,328,571
	16,376,447	16,376,447
	3,703,000	5 10,000

240,000

3 765 000

940 000

18.01 WORKERS PROFIT PARTICPATION FUND PAYABLE: TK. 33,573,634

This is made up as follows:

Particula	orc	
Particula	ars	

Opening Balance Add: Accrued During the year

33,573,634	33,573,634
-	_
33,573,634	33,573,634
-	-
33,573,634	33,573,634

18.02 PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX: TK. 47,436,436

Less: Paid/Adjusted During the year

This is made up as follows:

CLOSING BALANCE

Particulars

Opening Balance Add: Addition during the year Add: Adjustment of Deferred Tax for Rate Difference

30,581	69,801
-	-
47,436,436	47,405,855
-	
47,436,436	47,405,855

47,405,855

47,436,436

Less: Adjustment during the year

CLOSING BALANCE



47,336,054



Chartered Accountants

Exclusive Correspondent Firm of PKF International

Amount in Taka	Amount in Taka
30.06.2021	30.06.2020

19.00 REVENUE: TK. 0

Due to shut down of the Factory, no production as well as no sales were made during the year.

20.00 COST OF GOODS SOLD: TK. 37,236,709

This is made up as follows:

Da	rti	cul	10	r
Га	1	Cu	Ja	

Raw Material Consumed		•	-
Processing Material Consumed			-
Packing Material Consumed		-	-
Stores & Spares Consumed		-	-
Factory Overhead	Note -20.01	37,236,709	41,238,091
Cost of Production		37,236,709	41,238,091
		_	-
Add: Opening Stock of Finished Goods			44 800 004
Cost of Goods available for Sale		37,236,709	41,238,091
Less: Sales of by-product			
Less: Closing Stock of Finished Goods			
Cost of Goods Sold:		37,236,709	41,238,091

Due to shut down of the Factory, no production as well as no sales were made during the year.

20.01 FACTORY OVERHEAD: TK. 37,236,709

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Salary & Allowances Depreciation Electricity Bill	2,534,500 34,647,009 8,200	2,400,000 38,838,091 -
Factory Expense	47,000	-
TOTAL	37,236,709	41,238,091

21.00 GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES: TK. 6,453,596

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

TOTAL

Salary & Allowances Audit Fees Advertisement Expense		
Board Meeting Fees		
Electricity Bill		
Fooding & Entertainment		
Internet & Server Expense		
Legal & Professional Expe	nses	
Miscellaneous Expenses		
Mobile & Telephone Bill		
Office Maintenance		
Office Rent		
Office Service Charge		
Printing & Stationery		
Registration & Renewals		
Travelling & Conveyance		
Vehicle Maintenance		
Write off of Intangible Ass	sets	
Depreciation		

230,102 6,453,596	256,286 3,187,364
6,065	16,250
20,207	
7,060 1,556,244	703,136
69,730	18,000
240,000	240,000
36,302	911,092
4,700	
3,900	_
14,550 2,725,000	72,600
18,785	72.600
8,192	-
360,000	
22,500	250,000
880,259 250,000	720,000 250,000





							tered Accountants
				Exclus	sive Corres		PKF International
						Amount in Taka	Amount in Taka
	OT!!!!					30.06.2021	30.06.2020
22.00	OTHER INCOME: TK	- No. 25					
	This is made up as for	ollows:					
	<u>Particulars</u>	_					
	Bank Interest Receive Foreign Exchange G		Note -22.01	T.		134,558	251,483
		alli/ (LOSS)	Note -22.01	L		1,359	27,721
	TOTAL					135,917	279,204
22.01	FOREIGN EXCHANG	GE GAIN/ (LOSS) DURING THE YEA	AR: TK. 1,359				
	This is made up as for	ollows:					
	Particulars						
	Opening Balance of	Foreign Currency Account				(378,721)	(351,000)
	Bank Charge During	the Year				690	-
	Closing Balance of F	oreign Currency Account	Note -22.02	2		379,390	378,721
	FOREIGN EXCHANG	GE GAIN/ (LOSS) DURING THE YEA	AR			1,359	27,721
22.02	CLOSING BALANCE	OF FOREIGN CURRENCY ACCOUNT	NT: TK. 379,3	90			
	This is made up as fo	ollows:					
No	ma of the Boule			Currenc	Exchange		
INA	ime of the Bank	Account No.	FC Amount	у	Rate	Value in Taka	Value in Taka
	ual Trust Bank Ltd.	30260000721	4,136.94	USD	84.80	350,813	351,369
Muti	ual Trust Bank Ltd.	30260000730	283.31	URO	100.87	28,577	27,352
		TOTAL				379,390	378,721
23.00	FINANCING EXPENS	ES: TK. 107,320					
	This is made up as fo	ollows:					
	<u>Particulars</u>						
	Bank Charges & Com	nmission			ı	107,320	105,818
	Interest on Long Ter				<i>y</i>	-	-
	Interest on Lease Fin					-	-
	TOTAL					107,320	105,818
	Since the Company	has pending litigation with it's	Landar Bank	& NREI	which is d	isclosed in Note-	31 therefore no
	interest is charged d		cender bank	A NOT	willen is u	isciosed iii ivote	J-, diciciole 110
24.00	INCOME TAX EXPEN	SES: TK7,429,930					
	This is made up as fo	ollows:					
	Current Tax		Note -24.01			30,581	69,801

inis is made up as follows.			
Current Tax	Note -24.01	30,581	69,801
Deferred Tax	Note -24.02	(7,460,511)	1,989,118
TOTAL		(7,429,930)	2,058,919
CURRENT TAX: TK. 30,581			

24.01

This is made up as follows:		*
Particulars		
Net Profit excluding other income as per accounts	(43,797,625)	(44,531,273)
Add: Accounting Depreciation	34,877,111	39,094,377
	(8,920,514)	(5,436,896)
Less: Tax Depreciation	33,936,000	47,050,851
	(42,856,514)	(52,487,747)
Less: Exempted Income		-
Current Profit excluding other income	(42,856,514)	(52,487,747)
Other Income	135,917	279,204
Income Tax Rate (Operating)	22.5%	25%
Income Tax Rate (Non-operating)	22.5%	25%
Current Tax:		
Other Income	30,581	69,801
Total Current Tax	30,581	69,801





Chartered Accountants

Exclusive Correspondent Firm of PKF International

		Amount in Taka	Amount in Taka
		30.06.2021	30.06.2020
24.02	DEFERRED TAX EXPENSES/ (INCOME): TK7,460,511		
	<u>Particulars</u>		2
	Closing Deferred Tax Liability	65,027,102	72,487,614
	Opening deferred Tax Liability	72,487,614	70,498,495
	TOTAL	(7,460,511)	1,989,118
5.00	CALCULATION OF BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE: TK0.58		
	This is made up as follows:		
	<u>Particulars</u>		
	Net Profit / (Loss) for the Year	(36,231,778)	(46,310,988
	Earnings attributable to the ordinary share holders	(36,231,778)	(46,310,988
	Weighted average no. of Shares (Note - 25.01)	62,640,070	61,126,664
	Basic Earning Per Share:	(0.58)	(0.76
5.01	WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES: 62,640,070	,	
	This is made up as follows:		
	Particulars Partic		
	62,423,500 shares for 365 days	62,423,500	-
		62,423,500 207,470	-
	62,423,500 shares for 365 days	207,470 8,792	- -
	62,423,500 shares for 365 days 357,200 shares for 212 days	207,470	-
	62,423,500 shares for 365 days 357,200 shares for 212 days 106,966 shares for 30 days	207,470 8,792	
	62,423,500 shares for 365 days 357,200 shares for 212 days 106,966 shares for 30 days 112,844 shares for 1 day 59,713,500 shares for 365 days 1,915,000 shares for 254 days	207,470 8,792	1,332,630
	62,423,500 shares for 365 days 357,200 shares for 212 days 106,966 shares for 30 days 112,844 shares for 1 day 59,713,500 shares for 365 days 1,915,000 shares for 254 days 200,000 shares for 144 days	207,470 8,792	59,713,500 1,332,630 78,904
	62,423,500 shares for 365 days 357,200 shares for 212 days 106,966 shares for 30 days 112,844 shares for 1 day 59,713,500 shares for 365 days 1,915,000 shares for 254 days	207,470 8,792	1,332,630

26.00 CASH RECEIVED FROM CUSTOMER & OTHER INCOME: 135,917

This is made up as follows:

Particulars

Closing Advance Against Sales Opening Advance Against Sales Other Income Prior year adjustment Total

135,917	367,229
	88,024
135,917	279,204
(45,848,547)	(45,848,547)
45,848,547	45,848,547

27.00 RECEIVED FROM/ (PAYMENT TO) CREDITORS, SUPPLIERS & OTHERS: -3,506,150

This is made up as follows:

<u>Particulars</u>
Cost Of Goods Sold
General and Administrative Expenses
Depreciation
Amortization of Intangible Asset
Opening Advance, Deposits & prepayments excluding TDS

(37,236,709)	(41,238,091)
(6,453,596)	(3,187,364)
34,877,111	39,094,377
-	16,250
3,247,050	3,247,050





30.06.2020

Aziz Halim Khair Choudhury

Amount in Taka Amount in Taka

Chartered Accountants

Exclusive Correspondent Firm of PKF International

30.06.2021

	Closing Advance, Deposits & prepayments excluding TDS Closing Accounts & Other Payables excluding Advance against sales Opening Accounts & Other Payables excluding Advance against sales Closing Accrued Expenses Opening Accrued Expenses Total	(3,247,050) 242,946,286 (241,301,378) 23,202,958 (19,540,822) (3,506,150)	(3,247,050) 241,301,378 (230,695,378) 19,540,822 (18,693,686) 6,138,308
28.00	INCOME TAX PAID DURING THE YEAR: -13,455		
	This is made up as follows:		
29.00	Particulars Closing Provision Opening TDS Opening Provision Current Provision Closing TDS Total RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING CASH FLOW	47,436,436 1,037,633 (47,405,855) (30,581) (1,051,088) (13,455)	47,405,855 1,000,856 (47,336,054) (69,801) (1,037,633) (36,777)
	Cash flow from operating activities (indirect method)		
	Profit/(Loss) for After tax	(36,231,778)	(46,310,988)
	Adjustment for:		
	Income Tax expense recognized in profit and loss	(7,429,930)	2,058,919
	Prior year adjustment		88,024
	Amortization of intangible assets		16,250
	Depreciation of non-current assets	34,877,111	39,094,377
	Cash Generated from Operating activities before changes in working capital Adjustment for separate consideration	(8,784,597)	(5,053,418)
	Finance cost recognized in profit and loss	107,320	105,818
			1
	Movement in Working Capital:		
	(Increase)/decrease in inventories	-	
	(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables	-	
	(Increase)/decrease in advance, deposit and prepayment	(13,455)	(36,777)
	Increase/(decrease) in trade payables & other payables	1,644,908	106,000
	Increase/(decrease) in provision for expense	3,662,136	847,136
	Cash generated from operations	5,293,589	916,359
	Income Tax Paid		
	Net cash (used in)/ generated by operating activities	(3,383,688)	(4,031,241)
30.00	NET OPERATING CASHFLOW PER SHARE		
	Net Operating Cashflows (From statement of cash flows)	(3,383,688)	6,468,760
	Total number of shares	62,640,070	61,126,664 0.106
	Net Operating Cashflow per share	(0.054)	0.100
04.00	NO OF FMRIOVEES		

32.00 PRODUCTION CAPACITY

excess of Tk. 36,000 per annum.

31.00 NO. OF EMPLOYEES

Emarald Oil Industries Ltd. was not in production during the year 2020-2021.



The company had 13 permanent employees as at June 30, 2021. All the permanent employees received remuneration in



Chartered Accountants

Exclusive Correspondent Firm of PKF International

Amount in Taka	Amount in Taka
30.06.2021	30.06.2020

33.00 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE

The aggregate amount paid/provided during the year in respect of directors & key management personnel of the company as required by IAS-24 are disclosed below:

* * *	Tk.	Tk.
a) Short Term Benefits	Nil	Nil
b) Post Employment Benefit	Nil	Nil
c) Other Long Term Benefits	Nil	Nil
d) Termination Benefit	Nil	Nil
e) Share Based payment	Nil	Nil
f) Trade Receivable (Mr. Syed Hasibul Gani Galib) (Note-7.0 0)	1,556,653,675	1,556,653,675

¶) Trade & Other Payables (Mr. Syed Hasibul Gani Galib) (Note-15)

10,500,000

34.00 CONTINGENT LIABILITY

Since the Company has pending litigation with it's Lender Bank & NBFI , no interest is charged during the year. The details of Pending litigation is given below:

SI. No.	Particulars	Filed by	Present Status
1	Artha Rin Suit No. 259/2017 &	BASIC Bank Ltd	Pending
1	Artha Jari Suit No. 15/2020	BASIC Ballik Eta	Tenang
2	Artha Rin Suit No. 2406/2016 &	Bank Asia Ltd	Pending
2	Artha Jari Suit No. 437/ 2018	Dally Asia Eta	rename
3	Artha Rin Suit No. 371/2018	MIDAS Financing Ltd.	Pending
4	Artha Rin Suit No. 705/2017 &	Prime Finance & Investment Ltd.	Pending
4	Artha Jari Suit No. 64/2019	Time timanee & investment etc.	Chaing

CEO

Company Secretary

Director

Managina Diversion

Chairman

Date: 05 June 2023 Place: Dhaka



EMERALD OIL INDUSTRIES LIMITED SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENTS As at 30 June, 2021

Annexure: A

)))	COST				DEPRECIATION		Weitten denn
Particulars	As at 01.07.2020	Addition during the Dispose during the year	Dispose during the year	As at 30.06.2021	Rate	As at 01.07.2020	Charged during the year	As at 30.06.2021	value value
Land & Land Development	50,600,447			50,600,447	1	ı	•		50,600,447
Building & Other Civil Works	378,702,479	1,409,500	20,400,000	359,711,979	2%	127,002,292	11,635,484	138,637,776	221,074,203
Plant & Machineries	529,439,314			529,439,314	10%	302,743,755	55'699'27	325,413,311	204,026,003
Electrical & Gas Line Installation	9,842,954			9,842,954	15%	7,563,160	341,969	7,905,129	1,937,825
Furniture & Fixtures	3,239,994	32,200	(S	3,272,194	15%	2,521,090	112,666	2,633,756	638,438
Office Equipment	3,493,595	005'69		3,563,095	20%	2,975,917	117,436	3,093,353	469,742
Balance as at June 30, 2021	975,318,783	1,511,200	20,400,000	956,429,983		442,806,214	34,877,111	477,683,325	478,746,658

Balance as at June 30, 2020	973,730,475	1,588,308	•	975,318,783	
Depreciation Charged To-		30.06.2021		30.06.2020	

38,838,091 **39,094,377** 256,286 230,102 34,647,009 34,877,111

General & Administrative Expenses Factory Overhead **Total**

Depreciation Charged To-



532,512,569

442,806,214

39,094,377

403,711,837



Aziz Halim Khair Choudhury
Chartered Accountants
Exclusive Correspondent Firm of PKF International

EMERALD OIL INDUSTRIES LIMITED SCHEDULE OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS As at 30 June, 2021

Annexure: B

		COST				AMORTIZATION		
Particulars	As at 01 07 2020	Addition during the	As at 20 05 2021	Rate	As at	Charged during the	As at	Written down
	73 at 02:07:20	year	A3 at 30.00.2021		01.07.2020	year	30.06.2021	value
Software	330,000	-	330,000	10%	330,000		330,000	
Campaign Film (Advertisement)	6,430,000	*	6,430,000	20%	6,430,000		6,430,000	
Balance as at 30.06.2021	6,760,000	•	6,760,000		6,760,000		6,760,000	
Balance as at 30.06.2020	6,760,000		6,760,000		6,743,750	16,250	6,760,000	





EMERALD OIL INDUSTRIES LIMITED CALCULATION OF DEFERRED TAX FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE, 2021

Property, Plant & Equipment (Carrying Amount):

		Ű	COST				DEPRECIATION		
Particulars	As at 01.07.2020	Addition during the year	Dispose during the year	As at 30.06.2021	Rate	As at 01.07.2020	Charged during the year	As at 30.06.2021	Written down value
Land & Land Development	50,600,447	1		50,600,447		1			50,600,447
Building & Other Civil Works	378,702,479	1,409,500	20,400,000	359,711,979	2%	127,002,292	11,635,484	138,637,776	221,074,203
Plant & Machineries	529,439,314	•	•	529,439,314	10%	302,743,755	22,669,556	325,413,311	204,026,003
Electrical & Gas Line Installation	9,842,954	30	ı.	9,842,954	15%	7,563,160	341,969	7,905,129	1,937,825
Furniture & Fixtures	3,239,994	32,200		3,272,194	15%	2,521,090	112,666	2,633,756	638,438
Office Equipment	3,493,595	69,500	1	3,563,095	70%	2,975,917	117,436	3,093,353	469,742
Balance as at 30.06.2021	975,318,783	1,511,200	20,400,000	956,429,983		442,806,214	34,877,111	477,683,325	478,746,658

Property, Plant & Equipment (Tax Base):

riopeity, right & equipment (1 ax base).	e).								2
		00	COST		Rate		DEPRECIATION	8	
Particulars	As at 01.07.2020	Addition during the year	Addition during Dispose during the the year	As at 30.06.2021	of Dep.	As at 01.07.2020	Charged during the year	As at 30.06.2021	written down value
Land & Land Development	50,600,447	1		50,600,447		1	,	1	50,600,447
Building & Other Civil Works	77,764,031	1,409,500	20,400,000	58,773,531	20%	1	11,754,706	I	47,018,825
Plant & Machineries	100,866,885	•		100,866,885	20%		20,173,377	1	80,693,508
Electrical & Gas Line Installation	3,401,425	3		3,401,425	10%	1	340,142	1	3,061,283
Furniture & Fixtures	1,070,138	32,200		1,102,338	10%	1	110,234	,	992,104
Office Decoration	2,555,047	1		2,555,047	10%	T	255,505	1	2,299,542
Office Equipment	203,574	005'69		273,074	30%	1	81,922		191,152
Vehicle	6,100,568	1		6,100,568	70%	1	1,220,114	1	4,880,454
Balance as at 30.06.2021	242,562,114	1,511,200	20,400,000	223,673,314		-	33,936,000		189,737,314

1000	Countries Aust		1				
Particulars	Carrying Amt.	lax base	l emporary Difference	lax Kate	Cl. Liab/(Asset)	Op. Liab/(Asset)	Exps/(Income)
Property, Plant & Equipment's	478,746,658	189,737,314	289,009,344	22.50%	65,027,102	72,487,614	(7,460,511)
WPPF			1	22.50%			•
Total	478,746,658	189,737,314	289,009,344		65,027,102	72,487,614	(7,460,511)

